THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
X	X	X	X	X	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Fort Almanac—November 6.

Sun Rises	6.37 A M
Sun Sets	5.00 P M
Day's Length	10 h 88 m
High Water at Southport	10.68 A M
High Water at Wilmington	11.55 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 6.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 61°; 8 p. m., 66°; maximum, 72°; minimum, 58°; mean 65°.

Rainfall for the day T; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.84.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Local rains; northeasterly winds.

The barometer has fallen slowly on the Atlantic coast, but continues high. It has risen to the west of the Mississippi, and is high at north Rocky Mountain stations.

The weather continues fair to the east of the Mississippi, except on the South Atlantic coast, where showers are reported. Local rains are reported from Texas northward to Minnesota.

It is generally warmer in the central valleys and on the Atlantic coast, and it is colder in the Missouri valley and at north Rocky Mountain stations.

The weather will continue generally fair and warmer on the Atlantic coast, north of North Carolina.

Colder weather and showers are indicated for the central Mississippi valley.

OUTLINES

At Pittsburg, Pa., Judge Buffington, of the United States District Court, fined two freight agents for violation of the Inter-State Commerce law. —— The crew of the schooner Martin C. Ebel, which drifted ashore near Big Kinnekeet life-saving station, N. C., was picked up by the schooner Frank W. Howe and landed at Brunswick, Ga. ——A fire at Decatur, Ill., destroyed $300,000 worth of property. ——The banks of Dallas, Texas, took in $2,000 in counterfeit silver certificates during the last two days of the Texas State Fair. ——A Judge at Anderson, Ind., sent a lawyer to jail for making the Masonic signal of distress in court. ——The South Carolina Convention, after its three days' recess, re-assembled yesterday and resumed the consideration of the suffrage ——Election returns show that the Republicans have carried New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Ohio and Iowa; Maryland is claimed by the Republicans by 20,000 majority; Mississippi is Democratic by an overwhelming majority; Virginia was carried by the Democrats; the Tammany Democratic ticket is elected in New York city. —— Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt will marry the Duke of Marlborough to-day; by the terms of the marriage settlements she will receive a dowry of $5,000,000. —— The news from Kentucky is conflicting, both parties claiming the State.

Mr. John D. Rockefeller has made another donation of $3,000,000 to the Chicago University, making $7,400,000 that he has given to that institution.

This year American manufacturers have broken all former records in the exporting of their manufactures, and this under a reduced tariff that was going to ruin them.

Cremation doesn't seem to be growing in popularity in this country. Out of the 1,000,000 people who died last year less than 700 were cremated. The fact is there are few Americans who want to be roasted before or after death.

Bill Nye struck a humorous audience in a New Jersey town, where he was billed for a lecture, the other day. They welcomed Bill with an avalanche of ancient eggs, a form of mirth that Bill wasn't much taken with.

Mrs. Jacques, the New Jersey woman who was arrested and tried as a common scold, made it so hot for the neighborhood that people couldn't stand it, and landlords found trouble in renting their houses.

The Chicago canal will have a fall of fifty feet between that city and Joliet, and the Chicagoans are counting upon making it a power which will generate electricity enough to light the city and run all the machinery in it.

The exports of manufactures from this country for the nine months ending with and including September amounted in value to $145,793,586, against $133,378,600 for the same period last year. If the same rate is kept up for the remainder of the year it will foot up $11,000,000 more than any previous year.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 39. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,898

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

THE ELECTIONS.

The Republicans have carried New York on the State ticket by a considerable majority, probably 40,000. Their majority last year was 156,108.

The Tammany Democratic ticket is elected in New York city by a handsome majority.

The Democrats lose New Jersey by probably 5,000 to 6,000 majority. The Republican majority in this State last year was 48,514.

Massachusetts has gone Republican, as usual, by a large majority

The Democrats carry Mississippi by an overwhelming majority.

In Virginia the election was for a part of the Senate and all members of the Lower House of the Legislature. The Democrats have swept the State.

Ohio has gone Republican by a very large majority on the State ticket, and the Legislature will be Republican by a decided majority. This insures the election of Foraker (Rep.) to the United States Senate to succeed Brice (Dem.)

Iowa gives an old-time Republican majority.

Maryland is claimed by the Baltimore *American* (Rep.) to have gone Republican by 20,000: but the indications are that the vote is close.

Nothing definite had been heard from Kentucky at the time of closing this summary, 12.30 a. m.

The latest returns will be found in our telegraphic department.

There is a part of Luzerne county, Pa., where they don't encourage land greediness. They discovered a fellow who owned 1,400 acres and gave him a hint that they thought that was too much by setting fire to all the new houses he built. If they lived in the neighborhood of those two California citizens who own 14,000,000 acres, they would probably set fire to them.

New York papers complain that that city is infested with tramps, who seem to make themselves at home. They wander through the most fashionable streets and terrorize some quarters. The have probably read some of the speeches of the gold standard men about the great prosperity they are all enjoying and made a bee line for Gotham.

During the recent drought in New York State the water got so low in the creeks that the cows swallowed the fish when the drank. The Board of Health officer found twenty-eight minnows in one can of milk the other day.

Chicago thieves must look to their laurels. Some New Jersey boys the other day stole a hot stove and got away with it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—Receiver's sale.
J A SPRINGER—Coal and wood.
MASONIC—Meeting Orient Lodge.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. L. L. Mallard, of Wallace, is in the city.

— Mr. W. F. Gibson, of Gibson Station, is in the city making business calls.

— Mr. A. L. Nixon, of Topsail Sound, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Misses Nellie and Mary Plummer have returned from the Maxton Fair.

— Mr. A. M. Scales, Jr., of Greensboro, arrived in the city yesterday on a happy mission.

— Mr. B. Godwin, of Laurinburg, Dr. R. M. Norment and Mr. E. K. Proctor, Sr., are in the city on business.

— The many friends of Mrs. Lou Wescott, of Raleigh, sister of Mrs. D. H. Tuttle, will regret to learn that she is no better.

— Mrs. Jas. Dillon, of New London, Conn., arrived here yesterday to visit her husband, Capt. Dillon, of the steamer *Commodore*.

— Mrs. Smythe, wife of Captain Thomas H. Smythe, of the U. S. revenue cutter *Colfax*, returned yesterday from a trip through the North.

— Mrs. A. J. Jones and daughter, Miss Daisy Jones, of Kenansville, passed through the city yesterday en route to the Atlanta Exposition. They are accompanied by Conductor W. L. Jones, of the Atlantic Coast Line at Kinston.

— The following prominent lawyers have arrived here to attend the U. S. Court which is now in session: Messrs. Maxcy L. John, John D. Shaw, Jr., of Laurinburg; B. F. McLean, of Maxton; W. S. Norment and N. A. McLean, of Lumberton.

— Messrs. W. H. French, Rocky Point; Z. L. Lemay, Smithfield; Geo. A. Frost, Jacksonville; E. A. Sholar, Yadkin county; Robt. Laidlaw, F. E. Hege, Newbern; J. H. Lewis, Hamlet; Geo. A. Graham, Folsom; J. A. Westbrook, Mount Olive; J. G. Heilig, Salisbury; J. H. Fonville, Seven Springs, were arrivals in the city yesterday.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Fair Wednesday; fresh northeasterly winds.

— The Wilmington Social Club will give a dance at Hibernian Hall to-night.

— The junior branch of the Westminister League in the First Presbyterian Church will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock, in the Primary room.

— The steamer *Oneida*, Captain Chichester, arrived early yesterday morning from New York and left in the afternoon for Georgetown, S. C.

— A fine organ for St. Stephen's Methodist Church (colored) arrived yesterday. It cost about three thousand dollars. Workmen will begin in a few days to put it in position.

— As our travelling agent is unable to leave home on account of a stubborn attack of rheumatism, we are sending bills direct to subscribers. Prompt remittances will be appreciated by the STAR.

— Florence *Times*: "A motion is on foot to organize a foot ball team. Several of Florence's young men are anxious to organize and practice for a match game with Wilmington at an early date."

— The steamer *D. Murchison* came down yesterday from Fayetteville, taking the place of the steamer *A. P. Hurt*. There has been a considerable rise in the river, but nothing like a freshet.

— Prof. M. C. S. Noble says he thinks a number of the public school scholars will visit the Atlanta Exposition. The holiday allowed is three school days, from Wednesday until Monday.

— The regular practice of the foot ball team will take place to-night at Hilton Park. Players are requested to meet the cars at Front and Princess street at 7.45 o'clock. Visitors are invited to attend.

— The schooner *Martin C. Ebel* drifted ashore at Kinnaket life-saving station, N. C. Her crew was taken off by the schooner *A. H. Hall* and landed at Savannah, Ga. The *Ebel* was partly owned here. There was no insurance on the vessel.

— The funeral of the late Mrs. Kate Whiting Reilly, wife of Mr. John M. Donlan, will take place this morning at 9.30 o'clock, from the residence of Major D. O'Connor, thence to St. Thomas' Church. The interment will be in Oakdale Cemetery.

— Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Margaret Roberta Strauss, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Strauss of this city, to Mr. Geo. Frederick Motter, Jr., of York, Pa., on Wednesday, the 20th inst., in St. Paul's Lutheran Church, Wilmington, N. C.

STOLE A HOG.

A Police Officer's Encounter With a Thief at Front Street Market.

Police officer Whitehead (colored) had an encounter with a negro thief early yesterday morning.

Whitehead was passing Front street market house about half-past 3 o'clock and saw a negro man coming out of one of the side doors of the building carrying a dressed hog on his shoulders. The policeman stopped, when the thief dropped the hog and drawing a pistol told the officer to stand back. At the same time he fired at Whitehead and ran. The latter returned the fire and sent five pistol shots after the thief but did not hit him.

Upon investigation it was found that the thief had entered the market building through a transom on the north side, and had visited both the stalls of Messrs. J. F. Garrell & Co., breaking open a refrigerator and smashing a cash register. A cold-chisel, which was probably a part of the thief's complement of tools, was left in one of the stalls.

Griffin—Howard.

A quiet, pleasant wedding took place yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the parsonage of Grace Methodist Church, Rev. W. C. Norman officiating. The contracting parties were Mr. Henry C. Howard, a clever and popular young gentleman of Wilmington, and Miss Nellie E. Griffin, the accomplished daughter of Mr. Michael Griffin. The happy couple went to Mrs. N. Hullens' residence, corner of Fourth and Red Cross streets, and last night entertained a number of friends. After the Naval Reserves' drill, a large number of his comrades called on Mr. Howard to wish him happiness through life, as did other friends.

A Musicale.

A musicale in charge of Misses Cannie Chasen and Miss Lavendor, will be given under the auspices of a committee of ladies of Grace Methodist Church, some time next week. The programme will be arranged with the best vocal and instrumental talent in the city. The concert will be followed by a very laughable little sketch from life, entitled "One Trip Too Many." The ladies in charge expect to make this one of the most pleasant and successful entertainments of its kind ever gotten up in Wilmington.

Hege's Show.

Messrs. F. E. Hege & Co. arrived in the city yesterday with their show of fancy poultry, pheasants, rabbits, dogs and other pets. They have eighty-three separate cages, with some of the finest specimens of poultry and dogs. Mr. Hege, the manager, spares no pains in showing those who visit the show through it, and his explanations of each bird or animal and where it came from are very good. The show is in the old First National Bank building opposite the Parcell.

CITY AFFAIRS.

Board of Audit and Finance—Proceedings of the Meeting Held Yesterday.

The Board of Audit and Finance met in regular session yesterday. Present: Messrs. Calder (chairman), McQueen, Yates, Ganzer and Hanby.

A communication from the Board of Aldermen, stating that an appropriation of $500 had been made to repair Surry street between Church and Castle, in front of property of Mrs. Margaret Darby, damaged by grading for the Street Railway Co., was referred to the Board of Aldermen for information as to the necessity for the work, and as to the liability of the city, and also, has any claim been made upon the Street Railway Company for the damage.

The Board concurred in the appropriation of $35 to pay Mr. M. Cronly for services as auctioneer in renting market houses in September.

In the matter of an appropriation of $79 to pay Mr. M. Cronly for extra services in the compilation of the tax books for 1895, the Board deferred action.

The appropriation of $150 to repair Sixth street bridge over the W. & W. railroad was referred to the chairman of the Streets and Wharves Committee of the Board of Aldermen, with the request that he get bids for this work. Also, the painting of Fourth street bridge, for which an appropriation of $50 was ordered.

Aldermen Gore and VonGlahn stated to the Board that an appropriation of $150 had been made for repairs to the Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Company's house, and that the lowest bid for the work was $385, and they asked a further appropriation of $135. The Board decided after discussion that the matter should first be acted upon by the Board of Aldermen.

The chairman of the Board (Mr. Calder) was authorized to communicate with the chairman of the Streets and Wharves Committee of the Board of Aldermen and call his attention to the fact that expenditures for this department are largely in excess of the weekly average of the appropriation. It was stated that the Streets and Wharves Committee were making heavy expenditures for work on Nutt street, for which no provision was made in the annual budget, and that two-thirds of the appropriation made for improvement of Third street had been expended upon one or two squares.

Bills were audited and approved as follows: For current expenses, $5,408.59; refunded taxes, $1.50.

The Board took recess until 3.30 p. m. to-day.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

Fall Term—Judge Seymour Presiding—A Number of Cases Tried Yesterday.

The Fall term of the U. S. District Court convened in this city yesterday with Judge Seymour on the bench. Attorney Aycock and Assistant Attorney Weill, Marshal Carroll and Assistant Marshal Bunting and Clerk Shaw were present.

The grand jury for the term was drawn and empanneled as follows:

Jackson Johnson, foreman, S W Lahew, John A Beaman, Allen Gillespie, A M Sandlin, G B D Parker, Elijah Hewlett, W N Campbell, W D McNeill, D H Hayes, Wm Goodman, D J King, W N Marine, H J Fore, Jno H Rehder, H H Holton and E E Shooter.

Frank McNeill, M L John, of Laurinburg, and Allen P Hallett, of New Hanover, were sworn in as practising attorneys in this court.

Cases were disposed of during the day as follows,

Carl Lockhart, charged with retailing without license. Verdict, not guilty.

Jesse Brown, retailing without license. Verdict, guilty.

James Green, retailing without license. Verdict, guilty.

Marshall Oates, retailing without license. Not guilty.

J. T. Teachy, retailing without license. Guilty.

Andrew Leak, colored, of Richmond county, charged with passing counterfeit coin. Submitted, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and be imprisoned one month at hard labor.

Silas Strickland, retailing without license. Guilty.

E. H. Cook and E. C. Cook, failure to cancel stamps on liquor barrels. Nol pros.

Henry McNair (colored) retailing without license. Guilty.

Jno. Kelly, retailing without license. Verdict not guilty.

Fred. B. Hammond, retailing without license. Not guilty.

At 5.30 p. m. the Court took a recess until 10 a. m. to-day.

Ecclesiastical Council.

Rev. Messrs. J. T. Albritton, J. H. Hildreth, W. B. Oliver, W. L. Tait, S. D. Swaim and J. B. Harrell met yesterday at the First Baptist Church in this city, on invitation of Castle Hayne Baptist Church, as a council to investigate charges preferred against Rev. B. O. Berry, recently ordained as a Baptist minister. Their proceedings were not made public, but their decision is that Berry has imposed upon the denomination, is unworthy to hold a position in the ministry and that his credentials must be revoked. Mr. Berry will now have to meet charges in the M. E. Conference of South Carolina, whence he came.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Don't forget F. E. Hege & Co.'s, of Newbern, exhibit of Dogs, Pheasants, Poultry, Rabbits and other pets in bank building, opposite Purcell House, Nov. 5th to Nov. 8th. Open 8 a. m. to 11 p. m. Admission—adults, 10 cents; children under six years, 5 cents. †

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

STATE FAIR FOR THE COLORED RACE OPENED.

Exhibits Good and a Large Attendance Expected—Meeting Executive Committee Farmers' Alliance—Election in Wake on the Road Law—Cases in the Superior Court—Illicit Distillery Destroyed—Horse Sale.

[*Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 5.

The Executive Committee of the Alliance, consisting of Messrs. Mewborne, Hileman and English, are expected in the city this afternoon. They will likely decide on the location for the new shoe factory to be established by the Alliance. Cary and Thomasville seem to be receiving the most consideration at the hands of the committee. Cary is said to have a "pull."

The State Fair for the colored race was opened to-day by Secretary of State Chas. M. Cooke. The Governor was asked to perform the ceremony but is absent in Atlanta. The exhibits are good and it is likely that a large crowd will be here as a one-cent rate prevails on all the railways. Races are scheduled to-morrow. Rev. W. W. Brown, the colored banker of Richmond, will deliver an address to-morrow.

The people of Wake county are voting to-day on the proposition of establishing a new road law. Comparatively very little interest is being manifested in the election. Registration was not required in the county. In Raleigh township, where registration was required, probably not over one-third of the voters registered. It would seem that the proposed law will be defeated.

Loge Harriss for the first time in the history of his sojourn in Raleigh failed to register. He says that he would have voted against the proposed law.

It is said near Morrisville, this county, a few days ago, a white woman who was the mother of a negro infant was beaten by several masked men. She only knew the man who enticed her away. He was fined $5 and costs by a magistrate.

The Hawkins will case will likely have been compromised when it is called in court this morning. All the parties are said to be anxious to effect some sort of an agreement without dragging the matter into court.

The new bridge over Crabtree was used by the public to-day for the first time.

Deputy Collector Smith destroyed a still in Chatham county Saturday. The owner, Sam Glass, disappeared.

Two divorces were granted to parties of color in the Superior Court yesterday. There are twelve divorce cases docketed.

Capt. B. P. Williamson's sale of thoroughbred horses occurs to-morrow and next day. A car load of Kentucky horses have arrived from the Blue Grass State for the sale.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The vote against the new road law today in Wake county was overwhelming against the proposed act. Not over fifty votes were cast for the adoption of the law in the city. A count will not occur until to-morrow.

The Hawkins will was established in court to-day. A compromise was effected beforehand.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—225 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 12 bbls rosin, 36 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,491 bales cotton, 47 casks spirits turpentine, 94 bbls rosin, 100 bbls tar, 86 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—71 bales cotton, 45 casks spirits turpentine, 271 bbls rosin, 49 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—189 bales cotton, 40 casks spirits turpentine, 63 bbls rosin, 186 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—2 bales cotton, 48 bbls tar.

Steamer D Murchison—48 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 414 bbls rosin, 79 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—1 bale cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 65 bbls rosin, 22 bbls tar.

Jordan's flat—22 bbls tar, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1,977 bales; spirits turpentine, 158 casks; rosin, 919 bbls; tar, 588 bbls; crude turpentine, 39 bbls.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 1,977 bales; same day last year, 1,927.

Spot cotton firm in Wilmington at 8½c for middling; firm in Charleston at 8⅝c; quiet in Savannah at 8⅜c.

Boston *Journal of Commerce* of Saturday last: "The mills have shown a disposition to hold back this week, the shitting of prices not being conducive to trading. However, as the general opinion is averaging 7,000,000 bales as a crop guess (very few estimates being in excess of 7,250,000 bales), it will be fair to presume that the measure of consumption will now have a more important influence on prices than the size of the crop. Prices have recovered considerable this week from the slump of last week. The lowest price we hear that cotton is offered is 8¼c for strict middling upland and 8¾c for middling. There are a few scattering lots of stains and tinges offered, but not enough to make a market price.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

City Court.

Mayor Fishblate presided yesterday in the City Court.

Isham Craig, colored, drunk and disorderly, was sentenced to pay a fine of five dollars or work five days on the streets.

Isham McClain, a countryman, drunk and disorderly, was discharged.

SPANISH PEANUT CULTURE.

Mr. James Barrett Gives Some Interesting Facts from His Experience—Chufas, Artichokes and Highland Rice.

The following article from the Charleston *News & Courier* is interesting, and the STAR suggests that some of our farmers try the Spanish peanut. The experiment will not cost much.

I read Mr. Williams' communication in your valuable paper on the Spanish peanut. Last Spring this valuable plant was discussed in connection with hog raising, and the demand for seed was greater than the supply. It seems to me that results should now be discussed, as food crops are as important to the people as Constitutional conventions.

I planted about ten acres early in the Spring in Spanish peanuts. With careless hoeing and owing to the depredations of the crows got a poor stand, but to test the productive powers of the plant I selected two plants and pulled them up and had the nuts picked from the same. The yield was three pints. Now, if we plant in three-foot rows and two feet distance in the drill we would have a yield of 171 bushels per acre.

The peanuts were planted in tolerable stiff clay land. When planted in sandy land air-slacked lime should be used to prevent the production of pops. In fact, lime is the best fertilizer for the peanut. However, I used no fertilizer whatever. If the land is heavily fertilized or is naturally rich, the peanut can be planted in the drill the distance of one foot. Therefore, with a good stand and kept clean of grass, two hundred and fifty bushels per acre is not an unreasonable yield.

To test the effect of late planting I planted two acres in Spanish peanuts the last of July, and with this unusual dry fall will set a good yield of matured nuts.

I have been impressed by the demand for the peanuts as seed, and have sold my entire crop to go to Wisconsin. What they will do with them in the far Northwest is more than I can say. I have been planting the chufa and the root artichoke as a cheap hog food, but I am convinced that the peanut is far superior in meat making. The chufa produces no forage, and the artichoke, like the turnip, is rich in water.

For the first time I planted upland rice, having been induced to do so by observation made while travelling in my buggy in Southeast Georgia a little over a year ago. When I saw the poor pine ridges producing rice that would yield (as I was told) about twenty to twenty-five bushels per acre, I planted about four acres on rather poor land, and my yield was about one hundred bushels. The culture was careless and rather poor, as I could not get my manager to give it a fair trial, for I have always found it hard to induce (the general class of hired) managers to adopt a new plant or a new system of culture and generally had to force them to it.

I would like to hear from some of your numerous readers if rice is a good cereal to feed to hogs, as we can in my section raise it cheaper than corn.

If you will refer to an article written by Edmund Atkinson in the Southern Magazine, wherein he discusses the pea or bean and peanut you will find that he ranks the peanuts highest as food for man or beast.

JAMES BARRETT.

Augusta, Ga., November 2.

Important to Farmers.

The October Bulletin of the North Carolina Department of Agriculture has the following caution to farmers:

"For the protection of farmers who purchase fertilizers for fall crops they are advised not to buy any fertilizer unless it has both the manufacturer's guaranteed analysis stamped upon the bag and the Department of Agriculture tag attached to it. When bags or other packages of fertilizers are properly branded and tagged it is evidence that the law has been complied with. Farmers are requested to assist the Department in the enforcement of the law in their behalf by insisting that dealers from whom they purchase fertilizers shall have fully complied with the law. By doing this it will protect the farmer as well as all honest manufacturers, and prevent spurious goods from being sold in the State, or farmers being imposed upon."

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Funeral of KATIE WHITING REILLY and infant son JOHNNIE, wife and child of John M. Donlan, will take place this (Wednesday) morning at 9.30 o'clock, from the residence of Maj. D. O'Connor to St. Thomas' Catholic Church, thence to Oakdale Cemetery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Orient Lodge No. 395.

REGULAR COMMUNICATION WILL BE held this (Wednesday) night at 8 o'clock.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
nov 6 1t Secretary.

Receiver's Sale.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

Hansen & Smith et al.,
vs:
Argyle Lumber and Shingle Co.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of above county, obtained at September, 1895, term, directed to the undersigned, they will expose for sale at public auction at the Court House door of Robeson county, to the highest bidder, for cash, on the 19th day of November, 1895, the following, which compose all the property of the said defendent company, to-wit:

One Planer, capacity 5,000 a day.
One Saw, circular, 36 inch.
Two Saws, circular, 30 inch.
One Sharpener (Rogers.)
One Shingle Planer (A. & B. Holmes) complete, with counter shaft—6,000 a day.
One Butting Machine.
One Shaft, 15 feet, with Pulley.
One Jointer and counter shaft—(H. B. Smith.)
One Set Edging Saws (2), 8-inch.
One Shingle Machine (Evart's) capacity 12,000 a day.
One swing cut-off saw, with roller and bench, 32-inch.
One Saw Mill complete, with Carriage and 60-inch Saw, 10,000 a day.
One Log Haul-up complete, 125 feet chain.
Twenty-six feet Shafting,
One Boiler and Engine (40 horse boiler, 20 horse engine)
Two-Story Mill Building, 26x40, covered with corrugated iron.
One Shed for storing Lumber and Shingles.
One Office, 16x18, furnished,
One Skidder complete.
Together with Shingles and Logs on hand.

C. B. PATTERSON,
GEO. H. HOWELL,
nov 6 t d s Receivers.

Office of Secretary
Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 4, 1895.

The Board of Directors of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company have declared a dividend of three per cent. on the Capital stock of that Company, payable to all holders of record of October 31st, 1895. Dividend due and payable November 12th, 1895. The transfer books will stand closed from November 1st to November 12th, 1895, inclusive.

JAS. F. POST, JR.,
Secretary and Treasurer W. & W. R. R. Co.
nov 5 7t

FISH, FISH.

150 barrels MULLETS,
1,500 barrels FLOUR,
800 kegs NAILS,

and all other goods kept in a wholesale Grocery store. Write for prices. Call and buy.

D. L. GORE,
120, 122, 124 North Water St.,
nov 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Big Auction Sale
—OF—
DryGoods
—AND—
Notions,
TO COMMENCE
Wednesday, Oct. 30th,
At 10 O'clock,
AND CONTINUE FOR TEN DAYS.
Entire Stock Must Go.

A. H. MORRIS will conduct the sales. Everybody come.

C. E. GORDON,
N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.,
oct 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

COAL AND WOOD.

Consumers of Fuel
WILL FIND IT TO THEIR ADVANTAGE TO SEND ORDERS TO THE
Old Established Yard
—OF—
J. A. Springer.
Very Large Stock
on hand and prices guaranteed every time for the best
Coal and Wood.
nov 3 tf

Notice, New Drug Store.

IN CONNECTION WITH MY DOWN TOWN Drug Store, I have opened a branch store, corner of Fourth and Bladen streets, which will be known as

BUNTING'S BROOKLYN PHARMACY.

Residents (both white and colored) of Brooklyn will find it greatly to their advantage to patronize our Brooklyn Pharmacy, as everything will be first-class throughout and Moderate Prices will prevail. The Brooklyn Pharmacy will be conducted on a Strictly Cash basis. My undivided personal attention will be given to my down town store.

PRESCRIPTION BOOKS.

The Prescription Books of Geo. L. Harmon are now in my possession, and those wishing any of such prescriptions duplicated can have them filled at either

Bunting's Pharmacy,
Y. M. C. A. Building, or
BUNTING'S BROOKLYN PHARMACY,
Fourth and Bladen Streets.
nov 5 tf

Plant Bulbs Now

While this rain lasts. All of our stock is imported. Remember this. Do not buy CHEAP BULBS, they are good for nothing. "Nothing succeeds like success."

JAS. D. NUTT.
nov 1 tf The Druggist.

New Catch MULLETS.
Put Up in Nice New Packages.
Send in your orders.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets
sep 6 D&W tf

THE CENTER
of Wilmington.

Our Store is the center of Wilmington, at least people think so. They come here for everything, and we never disappoint them.

OUR STOCK OF
DryGoods
—AND—
Notions
has been inspected by the Ladies of Wilmington and pronounced the most complete and best selected in the State. If you doubt the statement examine our stock of
LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S
UNDERWEAR.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
JAROS UNDERWEAR.
WE CARRY
Luzerne Underwear.

SPECIAL OFFER
FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

A line of Gents' all Wool Underwear, bought last season, just as good as new. Only a few sizes. Yours may be among them:
A line worth $2.00 this week $1.00, natural Wool.
A line worth $2.00 this week $1, Red.
A line worth $1.75 this week $1, White.
A line of Scotch Shetland Wool, worth $3.50 only $1.50.

Gents' Linen Cuffs.

4-ply—Purchased in bulk at the cost of production. We will give you the benefit of our remarkable bargain—two pair 25c.

A special line of CARPETS and MATTINGS just received. Japanese, Jute Rugs and Art Squares are in great favor. We will have a complete line this week.

Ladies' and Children's Wool Hose 35 and 50c.

CLOAKS and CAPES in every style. Best selections.

DRESS GOODS in every conceivable style. Buttons and Gimp to match.

Some special values in BLACK DRESS GOODS.

A. D. BROWN'S,
Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 29 North Front St.
nov 2 tf

Cold Weather!

BARGAINS IN
Blankets and Comforts.
UNDERWEAR
FOR
Men, Women & Children.
SHOES,
Clothing.
BIG STOCK. LOWEST PRICES.
J. H. REHDER & CO.,
'Phone 118.
Fourth Street Bridge.
Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.
nov 3 tf

PUBLISHERS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $5 00 per year, $2 50 for six months, $1 25 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-columns or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 6, 1895

SELF DESTRUCTION.

When a man or woman commits suicide charity generally attributes it to insanity, for it is not easy to conceive how a person of sound mind could deliberately extinguish the life lamp and go out into the awful darkness of an untried eternity. When a nation voluntarily commits suicide, or something which will result in suicide if persisted in, would charity attribute that to insanity? If the financial policy of this country were the act of the people themselves it might be considered a species of insanity, but as it was the creation of trusted agents who did what they did without consulting the people for whom they acted there is more criminality than insanity in it. The men who first conspired to put the people of this country in the power of the bondholders by declaring the bonds issued by the Government payable in "coin," and then followed this up by practically declaring that gold was the only money of final redemption and that these bonds and all other debts due to foreigners must be paid in gold did more to bring a withering blight upon this country and reduce its people to a condition of vassalage to foreign bondholders than all the other evil influences that have operated since the thirteen colonies started a Government of their own.

Up to 1860 we had a prosperous country, in which the wealth was pretty evenly distributed, the people took care of themselves without Governmental protection, and there were no rings, combinations, trusts and monopolies, with their paid attornies in the halls of Congress to secure special legislation in their interest. These are all the outgrowth of the class favoring tariff and the class-favoring financial legislation, which put it in the power of a handful of men to control the money volume of the country, and make the people utterly dependent upon them.

When the agents of the Rothschilds and other money kings of Europe and this country struck down silver, an honored money of the people of this country from the establishment of the Government until 1873, they did more to enslave the people than they themselves, perhaps, knew, if they cared; but they didn't care, for many of them feathered their nests by that operation.

We know the fact that at the close of the war the North, notwithstanding the drain of the war, was prosperous. The people were out of debt, the farmers were independent, old enterprises were flourishing, new enterprises were numerous and there was an air of prosperity every where. There was then for the people of the North a *per capita* circulation of about $68, nearly three times as much as the present alleged circulation; but the policy of contraction began in 1868, and then the trouble commenced, then the act was passed declaring the bonds of the Government payable in coin and that added to the trouble, and then came the demonetization of silver which put on the finishing touch to the heartless conspiracy against the people. This culminating act in the conspiracy destroyed silver as a foreign debt-paying money, made gold the standard of value, enhanced its value and purchasing power, and correspondingly, of course, depreciated the price of everything which our people had to sell. If you seek for the cause of agricultural and other industrial depression, and of the great army of tramps that wander over this country from North to South and from South to North, you have it here, and we will have the depression and the army of tramps as long as this foreign-dictated system of gold-monometallism lasts.

The national wealth of this country is placed by statisticians at $65,000,000,000, on which there is an incumbrance in the way of interest-bearing debts, national, State, county, municipal, corporate and miscellaneous, amounting in the aggregate to $18,000,000,000, or over 25 per cent. The interest on the most of this, if not all, must be paid in gold or its equivalent, amounting, if we make it 5 per cent., to $90,000,000 a year. This means when figured down a debt of $250 for each man, woman and child in the country, or $1,250 to the average family, an annual debt of $62.50 imposed upon every family in the land. If this came as a direct tax it would be at once realized, but it comes in disguise as the tariff taxes come, filters through from the Government, State county, municipality and corporation, to the people who at last have not only the interest but the principal to pay.

Most of this indebtedness was contracted when silver was a good and lawful tender for any kind of a debt and to anybody, whether he lived on the other or this side of the Atlantic ocean. The day they struck silver down and made this indebtedness payable in gold, they practically doubled it and made it twice as hard to pay. And every dollar of this must eventually be paid, if it is ever paid, out of the toiling millions who do most of the debt paying.

If that was the act of the people, to impose such a monstrous burden as that upon themselves, it might be called insanity, but it was not the act of the people. It was the act of schemers who were supposed to represent the people, whom they victimized by one of the most colossal outrages in the annals of legislation.

MINOR MENTION.

We have referred elsewhere to the movement among colored men of this State for the betterment of their race, to further which a mass meeting has been called to be held in tomorrow in Raleigh. We expressed an opinion as to what such an organization as contemplated *ought* to be As further germane to this subject we clip from the Atlanta *Constitution* of recent date the following sensible utterances from an address delivered before the Alabama Colored Teachers' Association, by Professor W. H. Council in 1887. He said:

"As leaders of the race, as molders of race character, as guardians of the interests of our people we must strive to prepare them to maintain their present vantage ground in the labor market of the South. We want places for our boot blacks, barbers, porters, cooks, washerwomen, chambermaids, carpenters, masons, blacksmiths, farm hands, manual laborers and domestics of every kind.

"If we succeed in procuring and securing these for and to our people, the few ministers, lawyers, teachers, doctors and journalists will care for themselves.

"What shall we do to keep the negro laborer in the market.

"We must educate him in the fundamental principles of a common school course; develop his consciousness of truth and justice implanted in every human heart by the Almighty, and give him that industrial training which will make him a factor in our industrial problem.

"I do not undervalue the benefits of higher education to the world and science, but it is not only not a necessary ingredient in popular education, but it would prove a dangerous element under present methods. It always has been and from its very nature and utility always will be confined to a puny minority of mankind.

"We need, most of all, educated labor to prevent crime. The old adage that an idle mind is the devil's workshop is as true as the philosophical axiom that all bodies are in space. I heartily agree with the writer who said: 'Industrial ignorance is the mother of idleness, the grandmother of destitution and the great grandmother of socialism and nihilistic discontent.' If the metaphysical triplicity of man is doubted by any, all will readily concede his trinity as to brains, hands and legs. These, according to a necessary and universal law of our nature, must be constantly employed, and they produce good or ill according as they are engaged.

"It is more important for the present generation to understand the uses of the various hand tools, how to build houses, and how to live in them, than to write better Greek than Homer, better Latin than Cicero, or recite the transactions of antiquity in a more charming style than Xenophon or Herodotus or Cæsar."

The negro organizations that follow on these lines may become potent factors for good to the race.

* * *

We do not know what influence is behind the movement on foot in this State among the negroes, the purpose of which is announced to be "to establish business enterprises and to look after the educational interests of the race." If it is a *bona fide* movement and not engineered by sharpers who hope to use it for their own benefit, it is good. The announcement by the promoters that they are Republicans and will stand by the Republican party on financial questions indicates too much politics, and that the "business enterprises" will be mainly of a political character. An organization looking to the betterment of the material, educational and moral condition of the race, and entirely independent of politics, might result in much good, and such an organization would doubtless receive encouragement and substantial aid from well wishers among the white people. But to secure this there must not be any politics in it and it must not be controlled by men who have political axes to grind. In this connection we may mention the fact, as illustrating what we mean, that a movement has been started in Alabama by a number of prominent colored men of that State to establish a colored co-operative cotton factory at Anniston to be owned and operated by colored people exclusively, which, if it succeeds, will be the only one of that kind in the world. If it does succeed it will also demonstrate the capacity (which is doubted, but has never been tested) of the colored people for that kind of business and labor. A successful demonstration of this would be a long stride in the advance movement of the race.

* * *

We hear much talk these days from gold monometallists about the "silver craze," but the silver craze if it had ages to run wouldn't loom up in proportions large enough to compare with the "gold craze," from which the world has suffered more or less for thousands of years. From the time the children of Israel bowed in worship before the golden calf to this day the gold craze has prevailed more or less and has been the cause of an infinite amount of misery to the human family. To get gold strong nations have made war upon the weak, and are doing it to-day, as England is doing in Africa, threatens to do in Venezuela, and as France has recently done in Madagascar, where it is said rich gold discoveries excited the cupidity of the French, who seized the first pretext to make war on those people and get possession of the gold bearing territory. It was the thirst for gold that inspired Spain to support Columbus in his efforts to discover this hemisphere, and the history of the Spaniards after the discovery is one long, blood curdling story of savagery in quest of gold. At its topmost height the gold craze was never wilder than it is-to-day.

CURRENT COMMENT.

——If David B. Hill had the power to rid himself of the reputation and record as a machine politician he has the making of a big man in him. He always makes a good speech, and at times has risen to the plane of patriotic eloquence.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Gen. Campos has evolved a brilliant plan for putting down the Cuban revolution, and on paper it looks easy of execution. He proposes to drive all of the Cuban patriots into the mountains and starve them out. To adopt new ideas from old ones, he will succeed in this about the time that his ship comes in or that his mule comes down from the mountains. The Cubans are evidently gaining strength steadily, and the indications are that they will tire Spain out before Spain starves them out.—*New York Mercury, Dem.*

—— If Venezuela had engaged to provide Great Britain with an opportunity to pick a quarrel she could not have fulfilled her purpose more completely than through the seizure of the British schooner Myosotis, near Trinidad, and the murder of her captain by the commander of the Venezuelan coastguard boat. The British Government may ask, and with good reason, to be excused from discussing the arbitration of the Guiana boundary dispute until so flagrant an affront to its flag shall have first been amply redressed. If the well-meant efforts of this Government in their behalf be defeated the Venezuelans will only have themselves to blame.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Salisbury *Herald*: From the number of young fruit trees that are being received here and sent out through the county it seems that our people will devote themselves to the raising of fruit more in the future than they have in the past.

— Stanly *Enterprise*: Three or four years ago our Register of Deeds was kept busy registering mortgages, now it is not so. This is strong evidence that the county is getting in better condition. The people are paying debts instead of making new ones.

— Lincolnton *Democrat*: The other day Maj. H. W. Burton informed us that he has a gold mine three and a half miles Lincolnton. From this mine 1,700 nuggets have been taken, weighing from five to 850 pennyweights each. Some of the ore is worth from $40 to $50 a ton.

— Newbern *Journal*: Abram Pew, a colored fisherman of the city, was brought home dead early Monday from down Neuse river, where he went the first part of last week with companions fishing. He was taken ill and could not be brought back on account of the bad weather, and died from the combined effects of sickness and exposure.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: Mr. Rasmus Larsne, a Dane, representing a colony of Danish settlers in Colorado, was here last week looking at our country. These Danes are somewhat dissatisfied with their present location in Colorado, and are looking for a new location. Mr. Larsne is very favorably impressed with the State of Wilkes, and will revisit us, and he thinks there is a strong probability of his colony settling in the county.

— Rockingham *Rocket*: Esquires W. F. Long and A. M. McAulay held a court *de lunatico inquirendo* at the court house last Tuesday, to inquire into the sanity of James Walter McLaurin, of Hasty, in this county. After hearing the evidence the court adjudged Mr. McLaurin to be of unsound mind, and ordered him to be carried to the State Hospital at Morganton. Mr. McLaurin was formerly a prominent and prosperous farmer of lower Richmond.

TWINKLINGS

— Stranger—I hear a good deal about double taxation. May I ask what it is?

Promoter—Certainly. We call it double taxation when we have to pay both the city and the aldermen for a franchise.—*Chicago Post.*

— "Pa," asked Johnny, "what is a nom de plume?"

"A nom de plume," replied pa, "is the gratuitous appellation of the fictitious person who has to bear the disgrace which attaches to one's literary misdemeanors."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Elder Sister—Come, Clarence, take your powder like a man. You never hear me making any complaint about such a little thing as that.

Clarence—Neither would I, if I could dash it on my face.—*Tit-Bits.*

— They were telling of books that they had read, and the man with the high forehead asked what the other thought of the "Origin of Species." The other said he hadn't read it. "In fact," he added, "I am not interested in financial subjects."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Author—I think I have a good idea for a detective story.

His Wife—What is the idea?

Author—I will have the detective trace an umbrella to its original owner.—*Harlem Life.*

— Similar.—Mr. Wickwire—I wonder what are the feelings of a deposed sovereign?

Mrs. Wickwire—I imagine the contrast is something similar to that felt when one has bought all one wants, and is merely sitting around in the way, waiting for her change.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

All forms of Summer Complaint, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, etc., which are attended by so much

Pain

are quickly relieved and effectually cured by PAIN-KILLER. The standard remedy for these troubles for more than 50 years. It

Goes

without saying, that every kind of pain—internal or external—takes its leave

When

PAIN-KILLER is applied. Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Bites and Stings are all cured by

Pain-Killer

Accept no substitutes or imitations. The genuine bears the name—"Perry Davis & Son"—and is sold everywhere at 25c. a bottle, (double the former quantity). Remember that all pain goes when Pain-Killer

Comes.

June 8 tu fr we

FIGHTING THE GOUT.

The Mode of Living and the Diet to Prevent Its Coming.

As it requires some years of carelessness and abuse to possess the gout in perfection, we must give an equal amount of time to its cure. Where the tendency has been inherited the disease is very stubborn and sometimes indeed incurable, but can in any case be palliated. Cures can only be effected by a rigid diet, and the general, everyday manner of living must be in harmony. We must never lose sight of the fact that a miserable old age is awaiting those who dissipate in the smallest degree when tendencies toward the disease are present.

The rules to be followed are quickly and easily written. Would they might be as promptly followed. If you reside in the city, get as near its borders as possible. The country is best of all. Take regular exercise in the open air. Go in and out to your daily task on a bicycle. If this is out of the question, take a walk or ride every day. Exercise must be taken and gradually increased as the system will allow. Never ride or walk until fatigue comes on. Stop when you feel that perhaps another 100 yards would be tolerated. Establish and adhere to regular hours for retiring and rising and for meals. Cold (not iced) water should be the only beverage.

Whole wheat bread, toasted or bread sticks, should be the only bread used, and this in moderation. Mutton twice a week, chicken twice, sweetbreads once, tripe once and the remaining days fish, and let meat at all times be used only once a day. A lettuce of pure salad with a French dressing of pure olive oil should be eaten at every dinner. No sweets, pastry or cakes must ever be taken. A few almonds, say six, and one Brazilian nut may be the dessert at dinner. Spinach, cabbage (raw or lightly cooked), squash, onions, asparagus, celery, Brussels sprouts and kale are admissible. Rice, too, plainly boiled, may be used as a vegetable every day or, cooked in milk, as a dessert. Milk may be taken as food, but not at the same meal with meat. Buttermilk, with a slice of toast, may form the lunch two or three times a week. No spices or pepper should be used and but little salt and above all no vinegar. Vegetables must be taken in greater quantities than animal food and both in much less quantities than is usually ingested in health. Should too great a loss of weight occur increase gradually the amount of food. Stewed dates and figs, without sugar, served with whipped cream are admissible.

The relation of gout to dyspepsia is that of cousin; so be very careful not to eat that which is not easily digested. No medicine can effect a permanent cure unless this rational dietary is followed. The clothing must be worn in harmony also. If flannel is worn, let it be light. Silk is preferable. Further, the garment worn in the day must not be worn at night. The night set may be of lighter texture. A tepid bath should be taken before breakfast each morning. The abdomen, too, may be well rubbed with olive oil and glycerin before retiring.

Sleep at least eight hours—ten are better—in a well ventilated room.

Live as much of the day as possible in the open air.

Remember that gout has many stages before it reaches the acute. It is steadily becoming the bane of America. If you are taking little exercise and partaking of too much rich food; if you feel drowsy after family meals and nod in the family pew—though in God's house there is often a wicked want of ventilation—then you may reasonably suspect gout and govern yourself accordingly.—Household News.

Early Rising.

Although it is of consequence to the debilitated to go early to bed, there are few things more hurtful to them than remaining in it too long. Getting up an hour or two earlier often gives a degree of vigor which nothing else can procure. For those who are not much debilitated and sleep well the best rule is to get out of bed soon after waking in the morning. This at first may appear too early, for the debilitated require more sleep than the healthy, but rising early will gradually prolong the sleep on the succeeding night till the quantity the patient enjoys is equal to his demand for it. Lying late is not only hurtful by the relaxation it occasions, but also by occupying that part of the day at which exercise is most beneficial.—New York Ledger.

Plaint of a Bishop.

Of Bishop Bathurst, who was a great whist player, it is related that on hearing the name of a new appointment in the chapter there was wrung from him the passionate exclamation, "I have served the Whigs all my life, and now they send me down a canon who doesn't know clubs from spades!"—San Francisco Argonaut.

THE UTES' BEAR DANCE.

It Is the Only Festivity in Which the Squaws Participate.

On the day appointed for the Ute bear dance to begin all the Indians assemble in their best holiday blankets, beaded moccasins, leggings and headdresses. A floor manager is appointed, whose badge of authority is a wand or club of some kind. It is his duty to see that no one shirks his part in the dance.

On one side are seated the musicians, who are supposed to furnish inspiration to those dancers who become weary. A skin stretched over a box serves as a drum, on which several perform with clubs. Others sit around large boxes on which they rest the end of a notched stick, and by rubbing a piece of hard wood over the notches they succeed in making a dull, rumbling noise. All join with their voices in making a monotonous sound, a doleful "Hi yah! Hi yah!" Like the noise of the rattlesnake, once heard it is never forgotten. The bucks on one side and the squaws on the other then swing backward and forward, four steps advancing and four in retreat. This is the only dance in which the squaws are allowed to take part.

There is no limit to the number that may dance at the same time. The squaws have the privilege of asking the bucks to dance, which they do by approaching the favored one and pointing a finger at him. Woe to the young buck who does not respond at once to such an invitation, for the floor manager instantly descends on him with his wand, and by a few well directed blows or punches cures him at once of his bashfulness. This official also keeps a lookout for those whose enthusiasm shows signs of waning, and to such he administers a poke in the ribs or a rap on the head as a hint that these dancers are expected to infuse more life into their motions. Occasionally the dancers are relieved by newcomers, but the musicians never seem to tire.

It is considered a bad omen if any one falls during this dance. This occasionally happens when dancing on the smooth turf. The music is stopped as soon as the dancer falls. Those near by hold him down on the ground until the medicine man arrives. This dignitary then makes several passes over the prostrate body and chants a medicine song, after which he points his wand upward for a moment. This performance is supposed to ward off all the evil effects that would otherwise have resulted from the fall. The dancer is then allowed to rise, and the musicians resume their work.

At night fires are built around, and the painted faces of the Indians look hideous by the uncertain light. The weird sameness of the music almost makes one's flesh creep, and altogether it is a scene long to be remembered.

The dance is kept up for several days, and ends with a representation of a bear coming out of a cave. The medicine man, with skins over him, takes the part of the bear, and his appearance is greeted with loud shouts of applause.

Spring having again been formally ushered in, the Utes then disperse to their wigwams.—New York Mail and Express.

A King In the Business.

There is a monarch of my acquaintance who is amiable in his manners and a fatherly despot in his government. His lately learned civilization still sits strangely on him, and he doffs it sometimes to take a luxurious plunge bath into his former barbarism, though solely, as he assures his conscience and the nearest missionary, out of necessity. He was discovered recently superintending the happy dispatch by several refined modes of torture of a considerable number of persons connected with his court and was remonstrated with accordingly.

"But consider," he returned with conviction. "If I do not kill my people sometimes, how will they know that I am the king?"

And there was really a great deal to be said for it from his point of view, for he was a shrewd as well as an enlightened person in spite of an immense desire to be a white man and a brother, and when he was told that he should not cut off the ears and noses of his wives when they plagued him he said that civilization gave him a stomach ache.—Macmillan's Magazine.

Unanimous Parrots.

An old maid once owned a parrot which gave a great deal of trouble owing to its profanity and disagreeable remarks. She decided to ask her minister to lend her his parrot, which erred in being almost too religiously disposed in its conversation. The minister consented, so Polly, the good, went to visit Polly, the bad.

Some days later upon entering the room where the parrots were the maiden lady was greeted with the remark, "I do hope the old woman may die," while the clergyman's parrot added, "We beseech thee to hear us, good Lord."—St. Paul Dispatch.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind †

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at ROBERT R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM

High Grade Tobacco

AND

ABSOLUTELY PURE

oc 16 tf fr su we W 2p

As to Modern Arms.

We hear a great deal now about death dealing weapons. Every little while somebody brings out a new arm capable of firing we don't know how many shots per minute, and forthwith calculations are produced regarding the exultant slaughter in actual combat where these fearful instruments are used. It is forgotten that in order to commit such ravage the gun must have something to hit and that generals are not going to be fools enough to expose their men to hopeless slaughter.

Experience of the last half century shows that every improvement in arms has been followed by a declining mortality among the contestants in battle. There was less ratio of killed and wounded in the Franco-German war, where breechloaders were used by both sides, than in our civil war, where muzzle loaders constituted the equipment of the troops. The science of war must change to meet the new conditions. The greatest slaughter prevailed where armies fought hand to hand. In the light of history there is no reason to expect that the employment of magazine rifles and machine guns will in the next great struggle result in such high percentage of casualties to numbers engaged as in the latest wars.—Boston Commercial-Bulletin.

Soda Water Removes Warts.

Do not disfigure the hand with caustic to remove warts, but touch them with strong soda water several times a day. They will disappear.—Exchange.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5¾
Standard	7½	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams, ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides, ₩ lb	7½	@	7¾
Shoulders, ₩ lb	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides, ₩ lb	5½	@	6
Shoulders, ₩ lb	5	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	47½
Virginia Meal	53	@	47½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	30	@	33
Rio	15¾	@	21
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6		6¾
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	10	@	12
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ half barrel	6 00	@	7 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	3 75
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	2 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 75	@	3 85
First Patent		@	4 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	47½	@	50
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47½	@	50
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½	@	50
Oats, from store		@	35
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½	@	
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	16 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	29
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls	25	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" " in bbls		@	15
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	26
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 30
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City mess		@	11 50
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	55
100 lb ₩ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Sap	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Heart		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grau'd	4½	@	5
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex. C		@	4¾
ExtraC, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	20	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	60	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	16
Clear of burs	13½	@	
Burry		@	11

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Dull at 24¼ cents per gallon for country and 25¼ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 32½ per bbl for Strained and $1 27½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 25; Virgin and Yellow dip, $1 60.

COTTON—Market firm on a basis of 8¼c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	8¼	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	7⅞	" "
Low Middling	8 1-16	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good Middling	8 13-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	1,977 bales
Spirits Turpentine	158 casks
Rosin	919 bbls
Tar	588 bbls
Crude Turpentine	39 bbls

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

November 5.—Galveston, firm at 8⅝, net receipts 2,990 bales; Norfolk, nominal at 8⅝c, net receipts 1,558 bales; Baltimore, holiday, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 9c, net receipts 781 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¼c, net receipts 1,977 bales; Philadelphia, holiday, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 4,264 bales, New Orleans, easy at 8 9-16c, net receipts 18,045 bales; Mobile, firm at 8⅝c net receipts 821 bales; Memphis, dull at 8⅝c, net receipts 4,141 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8¼c, net receipts 1,471 bales; Charleston, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 1,201 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 5.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand moderate and prices easier, American middling 4 35-32d. Sales 8,000 bales, of which 7,600 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 48,000 bales, of which 36,500 were American. Futures opened easy and demand moderate. American middling (l m c) November 4 43-64d; December and January 4 43-64d; January and February 4 42-64, 4 43-64@4 41-64d; February and March 4 43-64@4 44-64d; March and April 4 45-64, 4 44-64, 4 45-64@4 44-64d; May and June 4 47-64d; June and July 4 48-64d. Futures quiet but steady.

1 P M.—American spot grades 1-32d lower; American middling fair 5 5-16d; good middling 4 7-32d; middling 4¼d; low middling 4 11-32d; good ordinary 4 17-32d; ordinary 4 11-32d; American middling (l m c) November 4 40-64d buyer; November and December 4 40-64d buyer; December and January 4 40-64d buyer; January and February 4 40 64d buyer; February and March 4 41-64d buyer; March and April 4 42 64d buyer; April and May 4 43-64d buyer; May and June 4 44-64@4 45-64d value; June and July 4 45-64@4 46-64d buyer; July and August 4 46-64@4 47-64d buyer; August and September 4 45-64@4 46-64d buyer. Futures closed quiet at the docline.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Schr R S Graham, 325 tons, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Steamship Oneida, Chichester, New York, H G Smallbones.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Steamship Oneida, Chichester, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

Steamer D Murchison, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Steamer Lisbon, Black, Clear Run, master.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 6, 1895.

STEAMSHIPS.

Titanic (Br), 1016 tons, Halliday, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Eastry (Br), 1094 tons, Wattley, Alex Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Amelia P Schmidt, 266 tons, Pashley, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Navarino, 279 tons, Warner, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Thos W Stone, 375 tons, Newcomb, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Augusta (Nor), 519 tons, Langlie, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Kong Sverre (Nor), 474 tons, Jasen, Heide & Co.

Arcturus (Nor), 663 tons, Tonnelsen, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Guyda (Nor), 657 tons, Johnsen, Heide & Co.

Argo (Nor), — tons, Arentsen, Heide & Co.

BRIGS.

Sullivan, 295 tons, Allen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Lucky He Rode a Wheel.

A district messenger answered a call from a west side house a few evenings ago and found a man impatiently awaiting him.

"Can you go to No. — 'Steen' street in 20 minutes?" quickly asked the man.

"Nop," said the boy. "No cars 'cross there."

"You must. It's worth $5 to you and a fortune to me!" fairly shouted the man. "Can you ride a wheel?" he continued.

"Cert," answered the boy, and in a jiffy the man had brought out a bicycle from the basement door and the boy was flying down the avenue at a three minute clip.

In speaking of the trip afterward the boy said he got the $5 all right, and he was sure the man got the girl, because when he read the answer to his message he hugged him and acted like a crazy man.—New York Tribune.

A Narrow Escape.

Freshley—That pair of cuffs came near winning me $1,000,000 once.

Dashley—How?

Freshley—I met an heiress worth that much one night, and as my memory is very bad I wrote her address on one of my

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural**. **Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. Archer, M.D.,
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
Dr. G. C. Osgood,
Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
Edwin F. Pardee, M.D.,
125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
Carlos Martyn, D.D.,
New York City.

What is
Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C-A-S-T-O-R-I-

CASTORIA

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S
COMPLEXION POWDER
has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S
is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

ROCK OF AGES.

"Rock of Ages, cleft for me,
Thoughtlessly the maiden sung,
Fell the words unconsciously
From her girlish, guileless tongue,
Sang as little children sing,
Sang as sing the birds in June,
Fell the words as light leaves down
On the current of the tune—
"Rock of Ages, cleft for me,
Let me hide myself in thee."

* * * * * *

"Rock of Ages, cleft for me,"
'Twas a woman sung them now;
Sung them slow and wearily—
Wan hand on her aching brow.
Rose the song as storm tossed bird
Beats with weary wing the air;
Every note with sorrow stirred,
Every syllable a prayer—
"Rock of Ages, cleft for me,
Let me hide myself in thee.'

"Rock of Ages, cleft for me"—
Lips grown aged sung the hymn
Trustingly and tenderly,
Voice grown weak and eyes grown dim—
"Let me hide myself in thee."
Trembling though the voice and low,
Ran the sweet strain peacefully,
Like a river in its flow;
Sung as only they can sing
Who life's thorny paths have pressed,
Sung as only they can sing
Who behold the promised rest.
"Rock of Ages, cleft for me,
Let me hide myself in thee."

"Rock of Ages, cleft for me"—
Sung above a coffin lid.
Underneath, all restfully,
All life's joys and sorrows hid.
Never more a storm tossed soul,
Never more from wind and tide,
Never from billows' roll,
Wilt thou ever need to hide.
Could the sightless, sunken eyes
Closed beneath the soft, white hair;
Could the mute and stiffened lips
Move again in pleading prayer,
Still, aye, still, the words would be,
"Let me hide myself in thee."
—Exchange.

MR. SMITH'S VALUABLE WATCH.

How a Practical Joker Frightened Him Out of a Year's Growth.

Tom Taggart's latest practical joke was played on ex-Attorney General Smith, and it was a good one. A few evenings ago, while the proprietor of the Grand was leaning over his counter, a traveling man with whom he was talking showed him a watch which had gone through a railroad wreck a few weeks ago, and the works were literally broken to bits, the case badly bent and everything broken up generally.

"Looks as if the engine sat down upon it," remarked Mr. Taggart. And then an idea struck him. Glancing across the room, he saw Greene Smith talking to some friends. Now, he knew that Mr. Smith carried an elegant gold watch of fine workmanship which was given to him, and in which he took the greatest pride. In fact, the ex-attorney general thinks as much of that watch as he does of himself.

"Say, let me have that pile of wreck," said Mr. Taggart. "I think I can show you some fun." Mr. Taggart opened the case slightly and stuck the watch into his pocket. Going over to Mr. Smith, he asked him for his watch upon the pretence that he wanted to show it to a friend.

"Well, be careful of it," said Mr. Smith is his most abrupt bass voice as he handed over the precious watch.

"Now, boys, watch out," said Mr. Taggart five minutes later as he smiled to the crowd standing around. He put Mr. Smith's watch in his pocket, held the other in his hand partly covered, as the two did bear some slight resemblance to each other, and approached the ex-attorney general.

"My friend says that's a beauty, Greene," says Mr. Taggart as he held out his hand to return the watch.

"Yes; it ought to be. It cost"—

What it cost will probably never be known. The sentence was interrupted by a crash as the watch fell to the marble floor, the case springing open, and the works spilling over the floor like shot poured out of a bag.

The ex-attorney general heard the crash and sprang to his feet with a whoop that could have been heard for a square. His face turned a livid green, while his voice almost stopped up his mouth in its effort to get out all at once.

Did he swear? Well, of course it wouldn't do to say so. He stamped his feet, danced up and down, roared, hurled anathemas upon the damnable carelessness of some people and declared that the watch could never be replaced.

During the tirade Mr. Taggart stood with downcast eyes looking mournful. After the first had subsided so as to allow of his being heard he called a bellboy, and in low, yet audible tones told the boy to get a broom and dustpan and sweep up Mr. Smith's watch. "And," he added, "dust the pieces off carefully and give them to the gentleman."

This started another outburst which almost threatened the bursting of a blood vessel. Mr. Smith turned to the cowering bellboy and thundered, "You touch those pieces, you black rascal, and I'll break you in two."

"You do what I say," said Mr. Taggart quietly. "This gentleman is not well."

"Taggart," said Mr. Smith, "I've always been a friend of yours, but"—

"Mr. Smith," interrupted Mr. Taggart, "I am sorry for this, but I think I can fix it, as the boys have all had enough fun for one day. While I regret the loss of the other watch, I have here an exact duplicate which I have had made, and which I desire to return to you with the compliments of myself and the bellboy. Please accept this."

He held out Mr. Smith's watch. The ex-attorney general then caught on for the first time. He smiled sardonically, pocketed his watch and then with much satisfaction added: "Well, you've broken up some other fellow's watch, and you'll have that to pay for."

And he still thinks so.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Not Favorably Impressed.

Railroad Man—What do you think of my idea of having a photograph of the holder of a commutation ticket placed on the back?

Jimson—I don't think much of it.

"Why not?"

"A friend of mine has a commutation ticket which I travel on."—New York Weekly.

Self Made.

"My face is my fortune, sir," she said.

"Ah, indeed. Did you—er—amass it yourself?"

The warm smile which had been carefully adjusted to match the coloring of her cheeks fled upon the instant.—Detroit Tribune.

HOW HE GETS HIS CUE

HE DOESN'T HEAR THEM, BUT "PICKS THEM UP" PROMPTLY.

A New York Actor's Way of Overcoming a Physical Defect—He Studies the Faces of the Other Players and Counts So as to Tell When to Speak.

Perhaps the most important detail for an actor to master in stage technicalities is the trick of picking up his cue quickly.

Every stage manager knows how important it is that that should be done. The slightest hesitancy in a quick conversation between the lines spoken by different people will surely spoil the scene.

The regulation way for actors and actresses to learn their parts is to also learn the cue, as well as their own lines. Perhaps it is well to tell the uninitiated that the cue consists of the last few words or the last sentence spoken by the other actor. Every part not only contains what the actor is to speak, but also the cue. Most stagefolk will tell you that it is more difficult to learn the cues than it is the lines, as they often convey no meaning to the mind.

Everybody in New York who goes to the theaters knows or has seen Joe Holland, as he is familiarly called. No one would suspect, to see Mr. Holland's rendition of the parts he plays, that he does not hear the cues.

However, that is a fact. Mr. Holland inherited deafness. His father was deaf, and his brother, Mr. George Holland, the Philadelphia manager, is also slightly affected that way.

It would seem to the average thinker that Mr. Holland would have found his infirmity a serious handicap in the dramatic profession. On the contrary, so cleverly has he managed it that it has been almost an advantage to him. Trivial noises do not disturb him, and in consequence he is able to give his whole mind, unaffected by any interruptions, to the work in hand.

Of course Mr. Holland is not absolutely "stone deaf," as the saying goes. He is what is generally termed "hard of hearing."

Now as to how he picks up his cues when he doesn't hear them.

He studies not only his own part, but also the entire lines spoken by other people when he is on the stage. He commits these to memory perfectly. So well does he learn them that he knows just how long it takes for them to be spoken. When he is facing the actor of whom he is to get his cue, of course he can readily tell when his turn comes by the movement of the other's lips or the expression of the face. He says, though, that the expression of the face is what he relies on most. He pays very little attention to the lips, because most people have a habit of moving the lips involuntarily even when they are not speaking, a trick that would easily lead him astray. The expression of the face, however, is a sure cue. It never fails him and always is the same.

His main reliance, however, is on a system of counting. He knows just how long it will take for each speech to be said. He times that speech by a certain number of counts. When he has counted the right number of times for the speech, he knows that it is his turn to speak. This is absolutely necessary when his back is turned toward the other actor.

As, for instance, Mr. Holland comes on the stage, his line is:

"Well; I've returned."

He then turns around to lay down his hat, and the other person says:

"But you were very late in getting back."

As soon as Mr. Holland turns he begins to count. When he has reached eight, he says in a nonchalant way, no matter what is happening:

"Well, aren't you glad to see me back?"

Long experience has shown him that in this way he picks up his cue just as promptly and perhaps more so than though he had heard it.

Mr. Holland's adroitness in this line has been the wonder of New York managers. Probably no one else knows of it, for, as is natural, Mr. Holland is a trifle sensitive on the subject.

The only drawback that he ever finds to his system arises from other faults than his own. He has never yet been caught napping except when some stage hand made a blunder or some unforseen accident occurred. This would only happen when some noise was to be made, as the ringing of a bell or the firing of a gun. In such cases Mr. Holland supposes, of course, that the property man or the stage hand is doing his duty. If, however, the property man or the stage hand does not do his duty promptly, Mr. Holland is left in an embarrassing situation.

Suppose, for instance, that in the business of a piece a bell is to be rung. It doesn't ring when it should. However, that's none of Mr. Holland's business. He naturally supposes that it has rung, and so he calmly says:

"Ah, there goes the bell. Go to the door, Mary!" And just after he has said it the bell rings.

Or if some one is to fire a pistol and Mr. Holland is supposed to be listening for the report with rapt attention, and when it should go off says, "At last he has fired," and no one has fired as far as the audience can discover—well, in such cases the stage manager swears and somebody gets fined.—New York Herald.

Newfoundland Dogs.

Newfoundland is perhaps best known by its famous breed of dogs. But it appears that these, like the island's present humanity, are not indigenous. They seem to have been produced by some happy crossing of breeds. It is said that in the island they appear to degenerate, and that the Newfoundland dog thrives better out of Newfoundland. Old settlers are reported as saying that the genuine breed consisted of a dog 26 inches high with black naked body, gray muzzle, gray or white stockinged legs with dew claws behind.

The Leonberg dogs, a cross between the Newfoundland, the St. Bernard and the Pyrenean wolf dog, are said to thrive well in the island and to possess "some of the highest moral qualities of the noble races whose blood blends in their veins."—Chambers' Journal.

An Island Lake With Tides.

Russian scientists have lately been studying the curious island of Kildine, off the coast of Russian Lapland and separated from it by a narrow strait. This island has a lake that has no visible connection with the sea, but is affected by tidal movements. To be sure, the tides in the lake rise and fall only a few inches, while those in the surrounding sea rise and fall several feet. The periodicity of the lake tides make it plain that the lake has a subterranean communication with the sea.

A Question of Rhetoric.

"I see that you are overrun by the trolley system," said the stranger in Brooklyn.

"It's worse than that," replied the old resident. "We're run over by it."—Washington Star.

PAPER IN KOREA.

Made by Primitive Methods and Put to Many Different Uses.

The manufacture of paper is extensively carried on in Korea, as there is a great demand for it, its toughness and durability rendering it useful in many ways.

The windows of Korean houses consist of wooden latticed frames covered with paper sufficiently transparent to admit the light. Oil paper about one-quarter of an inch in thickness is pasted on the floors instead of carpets or mats, while lanterns of all shapes and sizes are made out of paper, as are also fans and tobacco pouches.

Oil paper is used for making the conical rain hats which are fastened to the ordinary black hat in wet weather, and large oil coats or mackintoshes are made of the same material. A very thick kind of paper is used for making boxes and trunks, which are strong enough to hold heavy articles, such as clothes, etc.

The manufacture of a coarse sort of paper is carried on outside the north gate of Seoul in a valley through which runs a stream. Old rags and paper of all kinds are brought out from the city and first placed in a large tub at the side of the stream, where they are thoroughly washed and all the dirt and ink beaten out of them.

The clean materials are then carried to a long wooden trough, where they are stamped into a pulp by men who dance on the mass with their bare feet, much in the same way as the juice is pressed out of the grape in France and Spain.

The water is then allowed to run off, and the white pulp is thrown into a large wooden tank full of water slightly warmed in winter to prevent freezing.

After the pulp has soaked for an hour or so the workmen take a bamboo mat about four feet long and three feet broad, which they place on a wooden frame and dip into the tank, one manipulator standing on each side. The frame is almost immediately taken out, covered with a thin layer of white pulp, which is thrown neatly on to a cloth at the side.

The bamboo mat is then peeled off, so as to leave a smooth sheet of pulp behind. Again the frame is dipped in, and another sheet is thrown on top of the first one, and so on till there is a pile several feet in height. The sheets of pulp are then laid out in bundles to dry in the sun.

When sufficiently hard, the sheets are cut up into small strips and placed in another wooden tub preparatory to being worked over again. The second process is exactly the same as the first, except that the roots and the seeds of a certain plant called "takpool," or starchwood, are put into the water to make it glutinous and thus render the paper tough and durable.

When the sheets are almost dry, they are taken singly and spread out on a flat slab of granite, where men with large wooden mallets beat the paper to the requisite thinness. For the thicker kinds several pieces are beaten together.

The finer kinds of paper are not manufactured at Seoul, but at different places in the southern provinces. They are made by simply soaking the "takpool" plant in water and extracting the starch. The layers of fine pulp are then worked as before described.—Paper World.

Crackers and Milk.

"It's remarkable how people go to extremes," said a man in an "L" car. "Some are good, I suppose, but I prefer the medium course myself—that is, outside of one thing. For months I had indigestion, and if you'd seen me a year ago you'd have thought death had me marked. I got so I couldn't eat. I tried this meat business and hot water and I don't know what else. I fell off from 160 to 110 pounds and was a wreck.

"A friend told me how he'd cured himself without a cent for a doctor—eat nothing but crackers and milk or cream and drink vichy or carbonic water. After the first meal you eat you'll be hungry in another hour. Repeat, but, mind, nothing else. The crackers are flaky, and the gastric juice in the stomach easily digests them; the aerated water helps, and milk tones it all. I tried it. It was tough at first, but in three weeks I had a new stomach. In six weeks I was well and gained 20 pounds."—New York Times.

The Straits Settlements.

A perfectly well founded idea of their importance is associated frequently with an overestimate of their size, and it may surprise some to learn that they consist of two small islands less in size than the isle of Wight and three small bits of territory on the mainland, two of which are smaller still, while the other is only 40 miles long by 25 deep. The islands are Singapore and Penang. The territories on the mainland are Province Wellesley, the Dindings and Malacca. The total area of the colonial territory is thus about 1,500 square miles, and the population, comprising nearly every nationality of Asia—Jews, Turks, Armenians and Persians, Arabs, Indians, Malays and Chinese—less than 600,000.

There are, it is true, certain still smaller dependencies—the Cocos and Christmas islands, to wit—but the British flag has been hoisted there rather with a view of keeping others at a distance than from a sense of intrinsic value in the acquisition. There are also the protected Malay states, but these are not an integral portion of the colony, their relation to the governor being similar to that of Haidarabad, say, and Gwailor to the viceroy of India as representing the Kaiser-i-Hind.—Fortnightly Review.

If we did not take great pains and were not at great expense to corrupt our nature, our nature would never corrupt us.—Clarendon.

That was a considerate reporter who in writing of the demise of a spinster of 80 said, "She died at an advanced youth."

In Norway the perpetual snow line is at 2,400 feet; in the Himalayas, 16,700; in the Andes, 18,600.

There were 93,425 acres of broom corn sown in 1889 and 38,557,429 pounds of product raised.

Dear to Every Heart.

"Dear" is a relative term, and "the heart of every American" is not moved by the same object. Therefore the boy's answer was not far out of the way:

A gentleman stepped into a schoolroom in Cincinnati during a recitation in geography and was invited by the teacher to ask the class a few questions. He courteously complied.

"What is the capital of Michigan?"

"Lansing," was the prompt answer.

"What is the largest city in Michigan?"

"Detroit."

"Where is the great University of Michigan located?"

"At Ann Arbor."

"What is the capital of Pennsylvania?"

"Harrisburg."

"What is the largest city in Pennsylvania?"

"Philadelphia."

"What building is there in Philadelphia that is dear to the heart of every patriotic American citizen?"

That was a poser. The class was troubled, but made no answer. The doctor repeated the question.

"I know," said a little fellow on a back seat as he stretched up his arm to its full length.

"Tell us what it is, then, my boy," said the doctor.

"The mint," was the confident answer.—New York Recorder.

Brave Girls.

There is an old saying that one never knows a woman's true character till he sees her in a moment of danger—and seldom then might well be added.

A couple of young ladies were on top of the Mills building the other day. One walked boldly to the very edge of the roof and gazed steadily into the street below without the thrill of a nerve or the quiver of a muscle.

"Brave girl, that," observed the signal officer. "Stout hearted and fearless. She'll make some man a good wife. Huh! Look at that other one," he exclaimed in disgust as the stout hearted girl's companion shrank back and cried hysterically:

"Oh, hold me! I want to jump off."

"What a little fool!" said the signal officer. "A baby to be petted. Wants to jump off! You couldn't pull her off there with an ox team."

They were just starting down the narrow stairway when some one shouted:

"There's a mouse!"

The brave girl who had stood unflinching at the edge of a high roof let out a wild scream and rolled to the bottom of the stairs, while her companion laughed till she was almost hysterical.

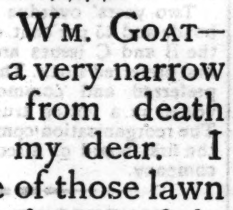
"Girls are all fools," declared the cynical signal officer.—San Francisco Post.

Porter or Porterage.

An officer being moved from one station to another sent in a bill, in which was an item for "porter." The item, after having exercised the intellects and received the indorsements of five successive officials at the war office, was disallowed on the ground that "porter" could only be allowed if taken under medical advice. The officer respectfully informed his superiors that the "porter" charged for was not drink, but the individual who had carried his baggage. The reply was that this should have been entered as "porterage," whereupon the officer ventured to inquire whether if he took a cab this should be put down as "cabbage."—Truth.

The Heat of Our Clothes.

How hot our clothes are has just been determined by a Dr. von Bebber, a German meteorologist. When the outside temperature is 50 degrees F., the temperature on the coat is 71.2 degrees, that between the coat and the waistcoat 73.6 degrees, between waistcoat and shirt 75.9 degrees, between shirt and undershirt 77.4 degrees and between the woolen undershirt and the skin 90.9 degrees.—Exchange.



Mr. Wm. Goat—"I had a very narrow escape from death to-day, my dear. I ate one of those lawn mower signs and in process of digestion it cut me several times."

Nanny Goat—"Gracious! William, you always were careless and imprudent in eating. What did you do for it?"

Mr. Wm. Goat—"Just swallowed a **Pond's Extract** sign. You know **Pond's Extract** is the best thing for cuts and lacerations."

Avoid substitutes.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., New York.

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The State,

RALEIGH, N. C.

On WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23d, I WILL begin the publication at Raleigh of THE STATE, a weekly Democratic newspaper.

The watch-word of THE STATE will be steadfast support of the Democratic Party and its well-established principles, and White Supremacy and intelligent and honest administration of public affairs in North Carolina.

THE STATE will advocate Bimetallism, the industrial development of North Carolina and the extension of popular education.

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S. A. ASHE, Editor,
Raleigh, N. C.

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June 8 1m

100 Barrels

FAT, LARGE SIZE SEPTEMBER MULLETS.

Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Canned Goods Cheese, &c, which I offer at lowest prices.

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128 and 130 North Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

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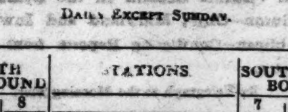
W. N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

Daily Except Sunday.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 7
P M	—Wilmington—	P M
3 30	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv... Jacksonville ...Lv	10 49
4 30	Lv... Maysville ...Lv	10 09
4 44	Lv... Pollocksville ...Lv	9 55
5 20	Ar... Newbern ...Lv	9 20
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect Oct. 21, 1895.

Departures from Wilmington—Northbound.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.48 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 a m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.87 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.55 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.52 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 3.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.55 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6 20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.59 a m, Magnolia 8.13 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.: 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 15 a m and 4 00 p m. Lucknow 12 45 p m, and 5 00 p m; returning leave Lucknow 9 00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 10 30 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m, returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.30 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 12 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.10 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 7.45 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.09 p m, Hartsville 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 2.50 p m, Gibson 5 10 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 9 40 a m, Bennettsville 11 10 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.33 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 56 a m, arrives Sumter †9 25 a m. Leave Sumter †9 50 a m, arrives Pregnalls †6 00 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 20 a m, arrives Denmark 6 11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †3 50 a m, arrives Sumter †3 30 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 25 a m, arrives Darlington †7 55 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 12 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Oct. 10th, the trains on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess street Station at 2.30 and 6.00 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 2.30 and 6 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 10 a m and 5.00 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT,
Acting Superintendent.

oct 6 tf

Waverley BICYCLES.

Are the Highest of All High Grades.

Warranted superior to any Machine built in the world, regardless of price.

Guaranty Backed by a Million Dollar Company.

Whose bond is as good as gold. Do not be induced to pay more money, as the Waverley has no superior. Catalogue free.

INDIANA BICYCLE CO, Indianapolis, Ind.

Thos. H. Wright, Exclusive Agent.

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Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT NOV. 3, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2
7 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ... Lve	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ... Ar	10 35 a m
4 33 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 57 "
3 19 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	12 19 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv...... Climax Lv	2 20 "
1 03 "	Lv.... Greensboro.... Ar	2 48 "
12 58 "	Ar.... Greensboro.... Lv	2 55 "
12 12 a m	Lv.... Stokesdale.... Lv	3 40 "
11 45 "	Lv... Walnut Cove... Ar	4 07 "
11 38 "	Ar.. Walnut Cove... Lv	4 08 "
11 10 "	Lv.... Rural Hall.. Lv	2 42 "
9 45 "	Lv..... Mt Airy..... Ar	6 10 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No 3.	Bennettsville Division	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 25 a. m
6 12 "	Ar...... Maxton..... Lv	9 20 "
5 42 "	Lv... Red Springs... Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	10 35 "
4 23 "	Lv.... Fayetteville.... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 40 p m	Ar..... Ramseur Lv	6 45 a. m
3 58 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	8 35 "
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro .. Ar	9 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 13 MIXED. daily ex s'n
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED daily ex s'n
Leave Madison	12 25 p. m
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 15 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.

nov 3 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 12	12 45	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43
Leave Charlotte			10 43
Leave Lincolnton			12 05
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			1 50
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No 402 Daily
	A. M.	P M	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 0
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.25 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.25 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	3.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

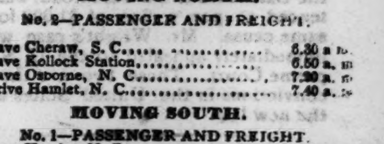
Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c., apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N. C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
E. St. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a. m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a. m
Arrrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

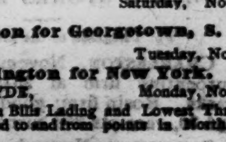
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Wednesday, Nov.	6
CROATAN,	Saturday, Nov.	9

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday, Nov.	12

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Monday, Nov.	11

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. nov 6 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, Nov. 6, 1895

THE MARTIN C. EBEL.

Drifted Ashore Near Big Kinnakeet Life Saving Station—The Crew Taken Off by the Schooner Frank W. Howe.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAPE HENRY, VA., Nov. 5.—The three-masted schooner Martin C. Ebel, from Jacksonville, Fla., for Philadelphia, drifted ashore near Big Kinnakeet life saving station, N. C., at 9 o'clock this morning. The vessel was abandoned and waterlogged for some days. No cargo has washed ashore as yet. The life saving crew from that station will board the vessel as soon as the wind and sea moderate enough to permit of a boat being launched. The fate of the crew is unknown, but they are thought to have taken to the lifeboats and been picked up by some passing vessel.

SAVANNAH, November 5.—A *Morning News* special from Brunswick, Ga., says: The schooner Frank W. Howe arrived at this port this morning from Boston, having on board seven shipwrecked seamen of the American schooner Martin C. Ebel. The Ebel was loaded with lumber, bound from Jacksonville to New York. The Ebel was about sixty-five miles due east from Cape Henry when last seen by the captain of the Howe. The Ebel sprang a leak last Thursday during a heavy storm. Her crew was compelled to abandon her at about 11 p. m. Thursday. They left in the yawl boat and had a hard time of it. They were picked up Friday by the Howe. They were nearly frozen and their yawl boat was in danger of being swamped in the high sea.

THE PUGILISTS.

Corbett Says Fitzsimmons is a Coward and Never Intended to Fight.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, Nov. 5.—James J. Corbett passed through here to-day on the Southern's limited vestibule bound for New York. The champion talked freely of the fight and bitterly of the result. He called Fitzsimmons a coward and declared that he now believes that the Australian never intended to meet him him in the ring. "Never before have I been mixed up with such a rank coward as Fitzsimmons and I have been against a great many of the pugilists of my day. How the American public can stand that fellow after the way he has acted in this fiasco is more than I can comprehend. He has humbugged me and the whole country. I was willing to fight him for nothing when I found that there was very little prospect of getting protection from the officials. But Fitzsimmons said he wanted to get $10,000 to put up and he expected to have it the next day."

Corbett showed a receipt for the bill for building the ring at Hot Springs. It cost him $194. Brady, Delany, O'Donnell, McVey, Donaldson and McDonald were in the party.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

A Galveston Policeman Shoots His Mistress and Himself.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, November 5.—A special to the *Chronicle* from Galveston, Texas, says that last night police officer Henry Bierman shot and killed his mistress Kittie Golden, then placed a revolver to his breast and sent two bullets crashing through it. Last night Bierman called at the house of Annie Lobrey and expressed a desire to take Kitty to a cottage that he had provided for her. The woman consented, and together they went to the place. Upon seeing the residence she expressed dissatisfaction, and told him that she desired to return to the Lobrey mansion. This angered Bierman, and he pulled his revolver and accomplished the work of destruction. Bierman was about thirty five years old, and leaves a wife and seven children.

THE JUDGE A MASON.

He Sent a Lawyer to Jail Who Gave the Masonic Sign of Distress in Court.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ANDERSON, IND., November 5.—In the Superior Court yesterday, Wm. H. Freeman, of Hemlock, appeared in the interest of his brother, Arthur, who has a case in Court. Wm. S Devin was the Judge presiding. He is a Mason, and prominent in other secret orders. Wm. H Freeman took a seat directly in front of the Judge. As the case proceeded he gave the Masonic sign of distress. It was quickly recognized by the Judge and Masons on the jury. The Judge told Freeman not to interfere with the proceedings and sent him to jail for contempt of Court. Freeman denies that he made any Masonic sign, but the Judge declares he did it boldly, and for effect on the case. Freeman says he will appeal to the Grand Lodge for vindication.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE.

Freight Agents Fined for Violations of the U. S. Law.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, November 5.—In the U. S. District Court to-day Judge Buffington sentenced James Means, general freight agent of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, to pay a fine of $500 for violations of the Interstate Commerce law. C. C Wright, general freight agent of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, was sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000 for the same cause. Mr. Wright's case will be immediately appealed to the U. S Supreme Court. These two are the first convictions in the United States under the new law.

A $300,000 FIRE.

The Most Destructive That Has Ever Visited Decatur, Illinois.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DECATUR, ILL., November 5.—The big fire which broke out last night in Powers' Grand Opera House was gotten under control at 8 o'clock this morning by the combined efforts of the Decatur and Springfield Fire Departments. What at first seemed to be an insignificant blaze turned out to be the most destructive fire the city has ever experienced. The total loss is now estimated at from $250,000 to $300,000.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant favor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle on hand.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, November 5.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 25½c; receipts 86 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20 @1 30; receipts 956 barrels.

SAVANNAH, November 5.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 25½c; sales 75 casks; closed quiet at 25½c, with sales of 121 casks. Rosin unchanged in quotations; pales were quiet; other grades firm; sales 5,000 barrels.

ELECTIONS YESTERDAY.

NOT MANY OF THEM WERE DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES.

New York City Carried by the Democrats, but the State is Republican—Mississippi and Virginia Remain in the Democratic Column—Ohio, Maryland and Iowa Republican—Conflicting Reports from Kentucky.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The head of the Democratic ticket to-day is Horatio C. King, candidate for Secretary of State, and John Palmer heads the Republican ticket. One hundred election districts out of 1899 in New York city give Palmer 6297; King 8091.

The polls in this city opened up at 6 o'clock this morning. There has been very little betting on the result of the election here this year, the mixed complexion of the ticket making the result very uncertain. What little betting that has been done on the result in the city has been at odds of 2 to 1 in favor of Tammany Hall. The betting on the State ticket has been at about 2 to 1 in favor of the Republicans carrying the State.

Amos J. Cummings, Dem, has been elected to Congress in the Tenth district by a big majority.

Returns received to 10 p. m. indicate that the Republicans have elected three Senators in this city and the Democrats nine. Ex-Police Inspector Alexander S. Williams, Rep, who was running in the Twelfth district, has been snowed under.

President Cleveland was not in Washington yesterday and there was none of the gatherings of Cabinet Ministers in the evening to receive returns such as has usually characterized general elections of late years.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—For Secretary of State this city complete gives Palmer, Rep, 95,114; King, Dem, 136,859.

The city of Brooklyn complete, with forty districts estimated, gives Palmer 78,060; King 83,948.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The returns of the election in New Jersey indicate a sweeping victory for the Republicans in nearly every district, even in portions which have been for years the strongholds of Democrats.

John W. Griggs, the Republican candidate for Governor, has been elected by a surprisingly large plurality, probably about 15,000. Five of the seven new State Senators are Republicans and in the Assembly the Democrats have lost much ground.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The Republicans carried New York State by 80,000 plurality, New Jersey by over 15,000, Maryland by 10,000, and claim the capture of Kentucky. Besides swinging these States over into the Republican column they increased their majorities in Massachusetts, Ohio, Iowa and all other States where elections were held. It was a Democratic Waterloo.

Tammany elected her local ticket by about 80,000, and New York city went Democratic for Secretary of State by 41,000, but the Republicans came down to the Bronx with over 100,000 votes to spare,

In the Tenth Congressional district Amos J. Cummings, Dem, was elected, but his success was plainly due to his personal popularity.

Of the fifty Senators in this State the Democrats elected only sixteen, and of the 150 Assemblymen only forty-six.

The Senate elected to-day will have part in the selection of a successor to David B. Hill, and it is plain that he will not be a Democrat. The Republican gains were general all over the State. In this city and Brooklyn Republican Senators and Assemblymen were elected where Democrats have been returned year after year. In Brooklyn a Democratic Mayor pulled through by a narrow plurality. In Albany, Buffalo and other cities big Republican gains were made.

BUFFALO, Nov. 5.—The indications are that Erie county will give a Republican plurality of 8000 for the State ticket and that the Republicans will make a clean sweep with the exception of the First and Fifth Assembly districts which are close.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 5.—Later returns from the wards of this city indicate the election of Grout, the Democratic candidate for mayor of the city.

NEW JERSEY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The *Sun* says that Griggs, Rep, is elected Governor of New Jersey by 10,000.

KENTUCKY.

LEXINGTON, KY., Nov. 5.—The Republican chairman says Louisville and Jefferson counties will give Bradley, Rep, 10,000 majority. Powell county, usually Democratic, gives 40 Republican majority. Harrison and Fayette counties (Democratic) show slight Republican gains.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 5.—The election is passing off quietly throughout the State to-day, but as it is by secret ballot it is impossible to get anything definite. An unusually heavy vote is being polled and both Republicans and Democrats are claiming a victory.

At Versailles, a party of negroes from Frankfort, who were sent there this morning to work for Hardin, were driven out of the town by a mob of Republican negroes.

At Lexington a heavy vote was polled early in the day for members of the board of education. The voting was necessarily slow, many of the lady clerks not being able to prepare the ballots with much rapidity. The colored women largely voted the Democratic ticket. The woman officers of election were nearly all late in opening the booths.

Bradley has probably carried the State.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 5.—The Democrats claim the election of P. W. Hardin as Governor by 20,000 or 25,000 plurality.

The Republicans claim the election of Bradley by a small plurality, but give no estimate.

The returns so far as received from the State show that Hardin has run with the ticket and in a few counties ahead of it, and if this ratio continues his election is assured.

At midnight Chairman Norman, of the Democratic State Committee, lowers his estimate of Hardin's plurality, but still claims his election by a safe plurality. Returns from about half the precincts in Louisville indicate that the city will give a Republican plurality of about 4000 on the municipal ticket, and probably a larger plurality for Bradley.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, MISS., November 5.—The election is a very tame affair, there being no excitement and very little interest manifested in this city, where the city wears a Sunday aspect. The weather is May-like and fine, so that the probability is that a full vote will be polled everywhere. It is said that the Democratic majority in the State will not fall short of 50,000. No disturbances are reported anywhere.

The indications are that the entire Democratic State ticket is elected by from 30,000 to 40,000. The Republican vote is about 30 per cent. of the total.

COLORADO.

DENVER, Nov. 5.—The elections in Colorado were for county offices. A light vote was cast in many counties, due to a snow-storm lasting most of the day. In the three larger counties, Arapahoe, El Paso and Pueblo, the Republican party seems to be defeated. In Denver, the interest in the election was intense and the fusion will probably win. Armstrong for sheriff is certainly elected over Webb, the Republican candidate. The women voted about as generally as the men.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, November 5.—The Baltimore *Sun* says: Indications from scattering precincts are that Lowndes, Rep, for Governor, and Hooper, Rep, for Mayor, carry the city.

The *American* claims the election of Lowndes, Rep, for Governor and the entire Republican ticket by 10,000 in the city and 10,000 in the State, making 20,000.

The heaviest vote ever cast in Baltimore was polled to day. It was the most exciting day Baltimore has known since the war. Violence and disorder were the features throughout. The Police Commissioners and Police Marshal Frey, in one particular instance, admitted their helplessness and encouraged an appeal which was subsequently made to Mr. Henry Williams, the Democratic candidate for Mayor, to interfere in favor of suppressing disturbances. Mr. Williams readily responded by saying that he would not accept the office if he were elected by fraud, and he at once set out to influence Mr. Hurst, the gubernatorial candidate, in the same direction. Their combined efforts had a salutary effect, The disturbances, however, called forth a protest against the slipshod methods of the police department. Hon. Geo. L. Wellington, chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, calling the attention of Marshal Frey to the police dereliction.

Mr. Wellington, in a letter to Marshal Frey, said: "If you do not perform your duty I will make it known to the people of this city and State and put you on the pillory of public opinion for having assisted the criminal element in preventing a fair election."

Notwithstanding the stringent orders of Marshal Frey, most of the saloons of the city were wide open and a great deal of drunkenness characterized the day. Several arrests were made; an occasional shot was fired; ballot boxes were smashed and registration books torn to shreds. The day closed, however, without a political death record.

Returns from First and Second districts of Howard county give 235 majority for Lowndes. The other four districts will probably swell the majority at least to 500. Senator Gorman resides in Howard county.

BALTIMORE, November 5.—Fifty-three of the 198 election districts in Baltimore city give Lowndes, Rep, 11,097; Hurst, Dem, 10,794. The indications point to the election of a Republican Governor and a Republican Mayor of Baltimore.

Talbot county is conceded by the Democrats to have gone Republican by 550 majority.

BALTIMORE, November 5.—Senator Gorman has met his Waterloo. At midnight the indications point to a complete Republican victory in Maryland. Lloyd Lowndes is undoubtedly elected Governor and the balance of the Republican State ticket has an apparent majority of over 10,000. The Legislature will be Republican on joint ballot, thereby ensuring a Republican successor to U. S. Senator Gibson. In Baltimore city the returns indicate a complete overthrow for the Gorman-Rasin ring. Hooper, Rep, for Mayor, has an apparent majority of more than 3,000. The Republicans have also a majority of the City Council and the clerks of the courts.

OHIO.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 5.—Though the returns from Ohio are meagre at this hour (8.30 p. m.) only 180 precincts being reported, it is evident that the Republicans have carried Ohio by a plurality equaling that of McKinley's two years ago. That was slightly over 80,000. These precints show a net Republican gain of one vote per precinct over that vote. As there are 2,953 precincts in the State, these figures indicate that Bushnell's, Republican, plurality will be about 83,000. Though no reports are received yet as to the Legislature, it is altogether likely that the Republicans will have a larger majority on joint ballot than they have in the present one.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—The Blaine Club estimates Bushnell's majority in Hamilton county at 12,000. One hundred and twenty-seven precincts outside of Cincinnati give Bushnell, Rep, 17,983; Campbell, Dem, 14,758. Same precincts in 1893 gave McKinley 17,649; Neal 14,796.

COLUMBUS, November 5.—As later and more reliable returns come in from Ohio, the plurality given the State Republican ticket seems to increase. At this hour (10 p. m.) Gov. McKinley says the plurality for Gen. Bushnell, Republican candidate for Governor, will reach 100,000. He has sent a telegram to Gen. Bushnell congratulating him upon his magnificent election as Governor of Ohio.

Gen. Anderson, chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee, at this hour admits that the face of the returns so far received indicates a plurality of at least 40,000 for Bushnell. He hopes, however, that later returns will be more favorable and does not yet concede the State. It is almost certain that the Republicans will have a large majority on joint ballot in the General Assembly.

IOWA.

DES MOINES, Nov. 5.—Reports from various parts of the State indicate a very large vote. The polls closed at 6 p. m., and at 7 o'clock but few returns were in. The Democratic State Committee say: "We claim that the State is very close and belive that Babb will be elected."

Iowa returns come in slowly, as the polls generally remain open till 8 o'clock. Reports from the State indicate a generally light vote. Scattering reports, however, show that through the State the Republicans have gained and the Democrats lost despite the falling off in the total vote. The Populists will, from indications now at hand, double their vote of 35,000 a year ago. Last year the Republican ticket carried the State by 79,000. These figures will about be equalled by Drake, Republican, for Governor. The Republican State Committee claims 75,000 as the plurality for Drake. The Legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican. Accurate estimates are impossible.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, Nov. 5.—The city elections here to-day passed off quietly. The weather was perfect, but a light vote was polled. H. S. Pingree, the Republican nominee for Mayor, carried the city by 8000 majority over Samuel Goldwater, Dem. The entire Republican city ticket is elected. A majority of the sixteen aldermen are Republicans.

ILLINOIS.

ST. LOUIS, MO., November 5.—Returns from the Eighteenth Illinois Congressional district indicate the election of ex-State Senator Wm. F. Hadley, Rep, to fill the vacancy by the death of Edward Remann last summer. Mr. Hadley's opponent, ex-Congressman Edward Lane, failed to carry any of the six counties in the district. The contest attracted a great deal of attention by reason of the fact that free silver represented by Mr. Lane was pitted against sound money.

KANSAS.

TOPEKA, Nov. 5.—There was a very light vote polled in Kansas to-day, probably not to exceed 240,000 or 60,000 less than last year. Little interest was taken in the contest. David Martin, Rep, was generally considered a sure winner, but the returns from the few precincts heard from indicate that the vote for Chas. K. Holliday, Independent Free Silver candidate, will be much larger than was anticipated, Populists generally voting for him. Martin's majority may be reduced to 30,000. In this county Holliday will cut down the usual Republican majority by more than 20,000, but he does not expect to do as well elsewhere. Out of eight district judges, the Republicans will elect five and the Populists and Democrats the other three, being a loss of two to the Republicans. Returns are coming slowly.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, November 5.—11 P. M.—But few returns have been received at this hour, but enough is known to show that the entire Republican county ticket has been elected. Both parties were exceedingly apathetic during the campaign, and the result was apparent in the light vote cast on both sides. The Republicans elect a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, District Attorney, Recorder of Deeds, City Controller, Coroner and Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions.

On the State ticket the returns indicate that Philadelphia will give over 65,000 majority for Haywood, Republican, for State Treasurer. Smith and Yerkes, Democrat, candidates for Superior Judge, are running ahead of their ticket in every ward in which the count has been completed.

Pennsylvania has elected Haywood, Republican, for State Treasurer, by a majority approximating 175,000, against 135,146 majority in 1893 for Jackson, Republican, State Treasurer. The six Republican candidates for Superior Judges are elected by majorities slightly below that for Haywood.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, November 5.—At 9.30 p. m. it appears that the following cities and counties have been carried by the Democrats: Richmond city, Prince William, Charlotte, Williamsburg, Fauquier and Loudon. The following are claimed by the opposition: Wythe county, where the Democrats had no ticket in the field.

ROANOKE, VA., November 5.—Returns from this Senatorial and Legislative district indicate that the race between Watts, Dem, and Clayton, Rep, for the Senate is close. Berkely, Dem, is elected to the House. McCartney, Dem, is probably defeated by Hannah, Rep.

RICHMOND, November 5.—At 12 o'clock unofficial returns show that the Democrats have elected ten of the twenty Senators and fifty-five of the one hundred members of the House of Delegates.

RICHMOND, Nov. 6.—At 2 a. m. the returns show the election by the Democrats of 11 of the 20 Senators and 57 of the 100 delegates. Several counties still to be heard from will almost certainly return Democrats. Both houses of the General Assembly will beyond question be fully in control of Democrats.

MASSACHUSETTS.

SPRINGFILD, Nov. 5.—Ten small towns in Hampden, Franklin and Hampshire counties show a loss for Greenhalge and a gain for Williams compared with last year.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Twenty-six towns in Eastern Massachusetts give Greenhalge, Rep, 10,394; Kendall, Pro, 708; Williams, Dem, 5300. Greenhalge's plurality 5094. The same towns last year gave Greenhalge 10,206; Russell, Dem, 5285. Greenhalge's plurality 4481. Net Republican gain 213. The same towns vote as follows on the woman's suffrage question: Yes 5133; no 9080; majority for no 3948.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, Nov. 5.—Nebraska votes today for one Justice of the Supreme Court and two Regents of the State University. The fight in Omaha is between a combination of disaffected Republicans and Democrats against the Republican A. P. A. ticket.

Nearly complete returns indicate that Republican city and county tickets have been elected by about 1,000 plurality.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.

Report of the Reorganization Committee and Plan Proposed to Preserve the Property and Protect Interests of Creditors.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—The reorganization committee of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad has prepared a report to be submitted to the bondholders, which states that a reorganization of the road is only possible as a unit, and that such reorganization is absolutely essential to preserve the property and protect the interests of all creditors.

Of the total issue of $3,054,000 of first-mortgage bonds, $3,656,000 have been deposited with the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore and the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York.

The reorganization plan provides for the issuance of $500,000 of 4½ per cent. preference bonds, $3,400,000 of new general mortgage bonds, bearing interest for four years at 3 per cent. and at 4 per cent. thereafter, $1,700,000 first preferred stock, $600,000 of second preferred stock and $900,000 of common stock.

These securities are to be distributed as followed: For each $10,000 bond and coupons, new general mortgage bonds $1,000 first preferred stock four shares, $400; common stock two shares, $200; for each $1,000 B or C bond and coupons, new general mortgage bonds $750; first preferred stock, six shares, $600; common stock, two shares, $200.

Two years' overdue interest on the bonds and 25 per cent. of the principal of the B and C issues are converted into first preferred stock. The first and second preferred and common stock will be vested in a voting trust for five years. The reorganization committee will name the first board of directors for the new company.

VANDERBILT WEDDING.

Miss Consuelo Will Marry the Duke of Marlborough To-day—The Marriage Settlements.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Wm. K. Vanderbilt, his daughter, Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, and the Duke of Marlborough, met at the home of Mrs. Vanderbilt at 24 East Seventy-second street this morning and signed the papers affecting the marriage settlements.

Mrs. Vanderbilt was not present. Mr. Vanderbilt drove to the house with his lawyer, J. Henry Anderson. A few minutes later the Duke arrived with his solicitor, Milward Harding. An hour was spent in going over the terms and finally the papers were signed by Miss Vanderbilt, her father and her prospective husband. It was subsequently learned on good authority that by the terms of the settlement Miss Vanderbilt gets a dowry of $5,000,000.

Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt will become Duchess of Marlborough at noon to-morrow. The marriage will be celebrated in St. Thomas' Church, in the presence of 1,500 invited guests. The wedding, without doubt, will surpass in elaboration of details any previous wedding ever solemnized in this city.

WARM WIRELETS!

Charles Green & Co., clothiers, Boston, have assigned. Liabilities $35,000; assets unknown.

Fire in New York city last night, on Broadway and Bleeker streets, caused losses aggregating $3,000,000.

The body of Capt. Wm. McKown, a prominent oysterman of Virginia, who was drowned October 13th, has been found on the shore near Virginia Beach.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

S. C. CONVENTION.

The Constitution Makers Resume Work on the Suffrage Article.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 5.—The Convention re-assembled at 8 o'clock to-night after its three days' recess, and once more resumed the consideration of the suffrage article, taking up the unimportant questions. There was not more than a bare quorum of the members present, yet a late session resulted and adjournment only being reached after it was found that there was no quorum in the hall. The only matter of any consequence acted upon to-night was the striking out of the provision for the representation for both political parties on the boards of election managers and canvassers of returns. An attempt was made to allow property-owning women to vote in municipal elections on questions of increasing the public debt, but it failed. A proposition was introduced to-night to defer the assembling of the Legislature from the last Tuesday in this month to the second Tuesday in January.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Reports Concerning the Armenian Troubles.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—Mail reports of a very interesting character concerning the Armenian troubles have been received at the State Department from Robert C. Chilton, of the Consular Bureau, who was sent abroad to establish the new United States consulate at Erzeroum. Mr. Chilton was at Trebizond on the day the massacre occurred there, and it is understood that his comments on what he saw and learned are very direct. Nothing about the contents of Mr. Chilton's communication will be given out at the Department.

COLOGNE, November 5.—The *Gazette* publishes a dispatch from Berlin asserting that Tewfik Pasha, Turkish Ambassador to Germany, was recalled to Constantinople in order that he might be appointed to a high post in the Turkish capital.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

To Make big money selling our Electric Telephone. Best seller on earth. Sent all complete ready to set up; lines of any distance. A practical Electric Telephone. Our agents making $5 to $10 a day easy. Everybody buys; Big money without work. Prices low. Any one can make $75 per month. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 11, Columbus, Ohio. nov 5 tf

Lost—Sunday, November 3rd, gold declaimer's medal. The finder will be liberally rewarded by calling at the STAR Office. R. C. Orrell. nov 5 2t

Sweet Potatoes 15c per peck. Lot of Best Yams just received. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Bookkeeper—Experienced, single or double entry. Accurate and reliable. Excellent references. Seeks position at moderate salary. Address W. R. R., Box 17, Wilmington, N. C. nov 2 4t

Photographs—The finest possible Photographs at low rates, $1.00 per dozen up. A fine line of Photo Frames from 15c up. U. C. Kiles, Photographer, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 3 tf

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Baskets.—Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Haydon, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Mullets.

100 Barrels September Mullets,

Packed in 100 lb. Northern barrels.

FOR SALE LOW.

Write for quotations.

Large Stock of Tobacco and Cigars at Close Figures.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

sep 22 tf 12 Market St.

Bagging and Ties.

One Car Bagging and Ties

at close prices; along with full line

Heavy Groceries,

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,

226 North Water Street,

nov 3 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

JOHNSON & FORE

Call special attention to their ELEGANT LINE of

DRESS GOODS

—AND—

TRIMMINGS.

Our Millinery Department

IS FULL OF THE

LATEST STYLES OF

Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons,

Ostrich and Fancy Feathers,

French Novelties, &c.

We have the only EXPERT TRIMMER in the city.

All orders are promptly and satisfactorily filled.

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 27 tf

J. W. Murchison

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

Hardware

Tinware,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps

Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

In fact, the prudent buyer, who always wants the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices,

Will find just what he wants in our large variety and assortment.

Don't forget that our leading points are

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,

Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 25 tf

WHEN THE WEATHER CHANGES

The mercury's going down, and with it you will need a good substantial Shoe—something to keep your feet dry and warm. We have the SHOE. Our $4.00 Double Sole Calf line Lace Shoe, or a pair of our Double Sole Congress at $3.50 will be the ticket that will carry you through it all.

There is no better Shoe made for cold weather. If you'll call we will be glad to show them to you.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

nov 3 tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER,

Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr.,

vs.

Emanuel Haggett et al,

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE SUPERIOR Court obtained in the above cause, the undersigned commissioner will expose for sale at the Court House door of New Hanover County, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at 12 o'clock m., on 9th day of November, 1895, the following described real estate situate in the city of Wilming on, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Campbell street 66 feet west of the western line of Sixth street, runs thence northwardly parallel with Sixth street 330 feet; thence westwardly parallel with Campbell street 66 feet, thence south parallel with sixth street 330 feet to Campbell street, thence east 66 feet to the beginning, the same being parts of lots 1, 3, 3, 4 and 5 of Block No. 250, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington, N. C.

GEO. H HOWELL, Commissioner.

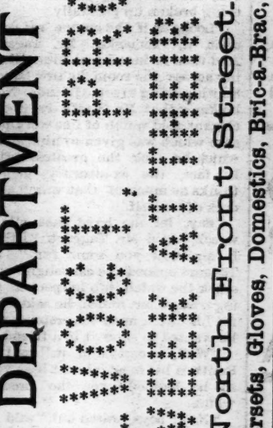
oct 10 t s

IT

HAS BEEN A LONG TIME since we have had anything to say to you; but what is the use? Your conscience will tell you right from wrong. Search yourself, and see if you have chosen the right side. We are doing late styles of hair cutting that others will learn to do a year hence. The oldest and best shop in the city. If you do not know where the place is, ask the clerk of the Purcell House, and he will tell you.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,

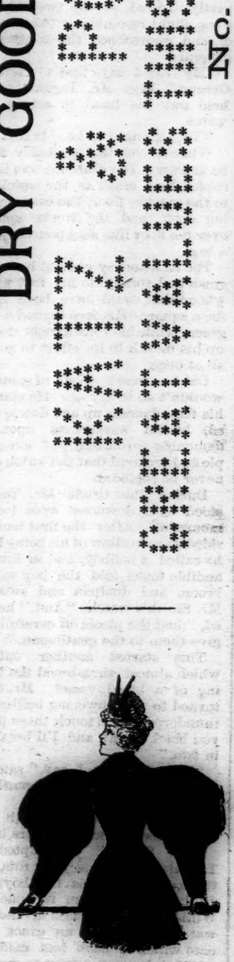
nov 3 tf Experts in Barbering, 11 South Front St.



DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

No. 9 North Front Street.

Dress Goods, Silks, Wraps, Corsets, Gloves, Domestics, Bric-a-Brac, Carpets, Rugs, Shades.



YOU!

We Are Talking to You!

You have probably noticed our untiring efforts to gain your trade. Considering the large number of customers which we have managed to draw our way, we might, possibly, worry along without you. But we WANT YOUR TRADE. We are "rounding up" some contracts made months ago, for certain

SHOES

Which we managed by a "close rub" to get at old prices. True, we are paying the Full Rise on some grades, because we can't get them from manufacturers without doing so. But believing our section ill-prepared to pay the full advance, we are trying to equalize things by Dividing Our Advantages with our patrons, whom we cordially thank for past favors, and ask (also the public in general) to continue to call on us for Bargains in all kinds of Foot Wear.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

oct 18 tf Successors to H. C. Evans, 115 Princess St

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

OUR STOCK PURCHASED BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES.

Goods sold at retail less than present wholesale prices.

All Wool Cheviot Suits $6.00, worth $12.00.

See our $7.50 Cassimere Suits, equal to any $12.50.

Hundreds of Children's Suits, all Wool, $1.50 up, worth double the Money.

NEW HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

It would be pure folly and a waste of money to pay the exorbitant prices that you are called upon to put up for a hat, simply because you buy from an exclusive hatter. We show an immense assortment of all the newest shapes and shades in Derbys and Alpines, at prices that are right and which are from 25 per cent. to 33⅓ per cent. below others.

DRESS SHIRTS,
PERCALE SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
NOBBY NECKWEAR,
DRESS GLOVES,
SIGHTLY HOSIERY.

Your money back if you want it.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

oct 13 tf

—THE—

Purpose

of This Store,

A. DAVID & Co.,

Is to serve the people of Wilmington with the best service and the best goods for the money that the market affords. It is the principle upon which this Store is founded It is the principle upon which the Store is maintained. To fail to complain of any unsatisfactory purchase is the gravest wrong you can inflict on this Store. Your money back for the asking, applies to out of town as well as town patrons. Out of town patrons write us if any purchase is unsatisfactory, and you'll get your money back by return mail, by telegraph if you say so. But give us the chance and we'll prove that we are selling to please. To better this Store, to make it perfect is our desire.

Children's Department

contains many new and original ideas in

Reefer Suits and Reefer Overcoats.

Men's Sack & Frock Suits

made to fit the smallest to the largest, and from the tallest to the stoutest.

A. DAVID & CO.,

FRONT AND PRINCESS ST.

nov 3 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.

Telephone 14. oct 6 tf

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf